Newport Daily News.

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ESTABLISHED 1846. NEWPORT, R. I., WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 13, 1897. PRICE, TWO CENTS.

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DEALERS IN

Antique Furniture,

Old Dutch and English Silver,

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Manufacturers of Artistic Furniture from Special Designs.

Upholstering and decorating in all its branches.

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HAVE YOU BEEN VEXED

By seeing your boy's or girl's shoes go to pieces in a short time? Then try one pair of our

Celebrated School Shoes.

Boys', 11 to 2, $1; 3 to 5 1-2, $1.25.
Girls', 3 1-2 to 12, $1; 12 1-2 to 2, $1.25.
EVERY PAIR WARRANTED.

—AT—

F. T. SCHMELLING'S,

178 Thames Street, Corner Mary Street.

One of the Finest and Rarest Collections

— OF —

Inlaid, Carved and Empire Furniture.

OLD CHINA, SILVER, BRONZES, SHEFFIELD PLATE.

Elegant Carved Hall Seats as Chests.

Empire and English Hall Clocks,

FRENCH AND COLONIAL MIRRORS.

A Fine Collection of Goods Lately Imported.

—AT—

BURLINGHAM'S ART ROOMS,

88 Mill Street.

BRIGHTEN UP

that chamber, discard the old heavy, wooden bedstead, put in its place one of our new

BRASS OR WHITE ENAMEL

(BRASS TRIMMED)

BEDSTEADS.

Nothing so changes the appearance of the whole room as the substitution of one of these Brass or White Iron Beds for the old wooden one. They are light yet strong, cleanly and dainty. We have just received a large assortment of these Beds, samples of which may now be seen in our North show window. We have a large and entirely new line of Bureaus, Commodes and Toilets to match these Beds, at very low rates.

A. C. TITUS CO.

J. A. & H. H. Barker,

HEADQUARTERS FOR COGGESHALL FARM PRODUCTS.

DUCKLINGS.

Goslings, Chickens, etc., at Wholesale Prices.

NEW YORK CITY DRESSED BEEF.

Second Edition.

MERCHANTS' DAY.

Grand Trades Procession and Horse Parade in New Bedford.

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Oct. 13.—This is Merchants' day, and from a local point of view is perhaps the most interesting of the semi-centennial celebration. The weather has cleared beautifully, and the conditions are perfect for a repetition of the success which has attended each of the previous day's festivities.

Business men were astir bright and early this morning, getting their displays in readiness for the grand trades procession and horse parade, which was the crowning feature of today's program. The competition for the prizes offered for the best turnouts in each class has been very keen, and as a result New Bedford witnessed today the finest parade of horses and business appurtenances ever seen in this section. Many of the displays were quite elaborate, and in point of number they exceeded all expectations. The procession was a credit to the merchants of the city and a fair representation of the varied business interests of the city. The parade moved at 11 o'clock and was a long one.

Youthful Shop Breakers.

PAWTUCKET, Oct. 13.—Jimmy O'Brien, twelve years of age, and Jimmy Kelly, ten, were arrested this forenoon for breaking into three different stores last evening. At Rattikin, Cooney & McNulty's furnishing store two suits of boys' clothing, with shoes, stockings and sweaters to match, were taken. The other two breaks amounted to nothing of consequence.

Father Acquitted and Son Convicted.

PROVIDENCE, Oct. 13.—The jury in the Ballou case returned a verdict acquitting Charles Ballou, the father, and convicting Walter Ballou, the son, of the manslaughter of Albert Johnson of Warwick, with a recommendation for mercy.

Consuls and Collectors of Customs.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 13.—The President has made the following appointments: To be consuls of the United States—Talbot J. Albert of Maryland, at Brunswick, Germany; William A. Prescott of New Jersey, at Rheims, France. To be collectors of customs: John S. Bethel, for the district of Richmond; Jesse Wolcott, for the district of Newport News, Va.

Jury Trying Mrs. Atkinson Failed to Agree.

GLENVILLE, W. Va., Oct. 13.—The jury in the Atkinson case failed to agree and was dismissed by the court. The jury stood seven for acquittal and five for conviction. The court has adjourned.

New Hampshire Grand Lodge of Odd Fellows.

FARMINGTON, Me., Oct. 13.—The attendance of delegates at the fortieth semi-annual meeting of the Grand Lodge of Good Templars of Maine has been unusually large, notwithstanding the unfavorable weather of the last two days. At 10:30 the Grand Lodge delegates met at Aggressive Lodge Hall, and the session opened in the Grand Lodge degree, Grand Chief Templar Grant Rogers of Richmond, county attorney of Sagadahoc county, presiding. The Grand Lodge degrees were conferred upon the qualified candidates.

STEAMERS ARRIVED.

Liverpool, Oct. 12, Scythia, from Boston.
New York, Oct. 13, Ems, from Naples.

Maine Good Templars.

MANCHESTER, N. H., Oct. 13.—The Grand Lodge of Odd Fellows met in this city this morning. The day thus far has been taken up in preliminaries. The reports of the grand officers show an encouraging condition of the order in this state. The election of officers will take place late this afternoon.

Fell from a Second-Story Window.

BOSTON, Oct. 13.—Mrs. Margaret McLaughlin was fatally injured by falling from a second story window of a house on Mt. Vernon street today. She lost her balance while washing windows and struck on her head, causing a fracture of the skull.

KEEP A SHOT IN THE LOCKER.

That was excellent advice which an old sea captain once gave a young lad who was about starting off on his first voyage: "My boy, always keep a shot in the locker." It is poor policy for a man to spend all he earns as soon as pay day comes. The best way is always to keep some ammunition, pecuniary, intellectual and emotional, on hand in the locker. It will not do to shoot off all one's dimes or dollars, facts or figures in a few wild volleys. He can fight with most comfort, and probably most effect, who takes care never to be reduced to the "last round."

DAYTON'S ACCEPTANCE.

Is He to Be the Candidate of the Citizens' Union Also?

NEW YORK, Oct. 13.—Foremost in the day's questions anent the municipal campaign is the doubt as to ex-Postmaster Dayton's final decision on the comptrollership nomination. It is asserted with positiveness that Mr. Dayton has consented to the substitution of his name for that of Colonel Waring on the city ticket filed by the Jeffersonian Democracy. The substitution can still be made by the George committee, in view of Colonel Waring's declination. It is further asserted in well-informed quarters that Mr. Dayton's acceptance was based on a promise that he should be the candidate of the Citizens' Union also, and that Secretary Fairchild had telegraphed the Low committee covering the substitution of Dayton's name.

ARRIVED THIS MORNING.

Evangelina Cossio, Fresh from a Spanish Prison, in New York.

NEW YORK, Oct. 13.—Miss Evangelina Cossio, who recently escaped from a Spanish prison in Cuba, was a passenger on Ward line steamer Seneca, which arrived this morning. Miss Cossio asked to be excused from saying anything, as she was not yet recovered from seasickness, from which she had suffered during the entire passage, keeping her berth in her stateroom the whole time. Her name was not entered on the passenger list, but instead the name of Miss Juana Sola was used. She was traveling under the care of a gentleman who accompanied her from Havana. When the Seneca reached Quarantine towboat J. Fred Lohman, with several newspaper representatives and four women, went alongside the steamer and waited until the health officer's inspection was over, when they went on board and accompanied Miss Cossio to the city.

Steamer St. Paul Beats Her Record by Ten Minutes.

SOUTHAMPTON, Oct. 13.—American line steamer St. Paul, Captain Jamison, from New York, arrived here today, passing Hurst Castle at 5:30 o'clock this morning. The St. Paul has made the passage over the record course in about six days and twelve hours, which is ten minutes better than her previous eastward record.

Heavy Shipments of Wheat to Europe from San Francisco.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 13.—Heavy shipments of wheat to Europe continue. Over sixty grain-laden vessels left here during the two last months, and six more are ready to sail.

Increase in French Imports and Exports.

PARIS, Oct. 13.—The official returns just received show that French imports for the third quarter of 1897 have increased 33,685,000 francs over the same period of 1896, and the returns also show that the exports of France have increased 232,147,000 francs over the same period of last year.

Battleships at Provincetown.

PROVINCETOWN, Mass., Oct. 13.—United States battleships New York, Iowa and Massachusetts have joined the Texas here. The fleet will maneuver in Massachusetts bay today.

Was Once a Prohibition Candidate for President.

BALTIMORE, Oct. 13.—William Daniel, one of the leaders of the Prohibitionist party in the United States and once its candidate for the Presidency, died suddenly this morning at his home in Mt. Washington, a suburb of Baltimore.

Patti Ill.

PARIS, Oct. 13.—Adelina Patti is ill, but her illness is not believed to be dangerous.

VICTORIA AS A TORY.

A very interesting sidelight on the character of Queen Victoria is furnished in the published extracts from certain letters written by her to Lord Tennyson. It appears that queen and poet were much better acquainted than had been supposed, and that he enjoyed her confidence on matters of state. There is something very suggestive of the curious isolation and dependence of a monarch in her evident need of confiding in some one discreet enough to bear the trust and of sufficient dignity to act in the role of confidant and friend.

It is not this phase of the letters, however, which will attract most attention, and it is to be feared that the disclosures now made will have a tendency to embitter some who were the queen's admirers. That Victoria has been a steadfast Conservative has been known all along. It is one of the strongest of her indications of tact that without undue offense she has maintained a position as clearly defined in favor of Conservatism as is Gladstone's attitude in favor of the Liberals. What has not been known, however, until the recent publications is that the queen, instead of being merely a warm Conservative, is at heart a passionate Tory. It seems that her antipathy to home rule is excessive. Judging from the tenor of some of the letters written to Tennyson and the replies she permitted him to send, Mr. Gladstone while in the premiership must have had to contend with difficulties of which no one had an inkling. To be the head of a ministry elected on an issue to which the nominal ruler of the land is violently opposed is no sinecure, and Mr. Gladstone's administration must have been as difficult and delicate a task as a statesman could attempt.—[Chicago Record.

INCREASE OF GOLD.

Mr. Preston, the director of the mint, is authority for the statement that the stock of gold now in this country is the largest in its history. He estimates that on October 1 the stocks of gold held in this country by the treasury, the banks and individuals was $719,020,417, passing by nearly $1,000,000 the records of the corresponding date of 1888, heretofore the high-water mark. The mints are turning out millions of gold coin every month, gold is coming to us in a swelling tide from Europe, and Mr. Preston thinks it is not unreasonable to suppose that by the end of the calendar year there will be in the United States between $750,000,000 and $760,000,000 in gold, a grand total largely in excess of anything ever known.

BRYN MAWR GRADUATES IN DEMAND.

Bryn Mawr College this autumn has supplied Sage College, the woman department of Cornell, with its matron in Miss Louise Brownell, a brilliant graduate of our college for women. The department of women in the University of Wisconsin has just received as its dean Miss Emory, another Bryn Mawr graduate. Barnard College, in New York, already has a Bryn Mawr graduate, Miss Smith, as its dean. Fifteen years ago it was questioned whether it was wise to raise the standard in Bryn Mawr as high as it was to be placed, and has been maintained by President Thomas, but experience has shown that the graduates from its high and rigorous courses are everywhere in demand where the best work is required in the field of female education. Here, as in everything else, it always pays to do a given thing better than any one else does it.—[Philadelphia Press.

AT MOUNT HOLYOKE.

Items of Interest from the South Hadley Women's College.

SOUTH HADLEY, Mass., Oct. 13.—Mr. Otto Bogula, gardener at Mount Holyoke College, has been offered a scholarship at the Kew botanical gardens in London, and will have leave of absence for a year on that account.

Funds have been secured for one section of a greenhouse, the nucleus of a large plant to be located north of the botanical garden. The section to be built will be the south wing of a T-shaped building with the boiler and potting houses at the junction of the three arms. The palm house cannot be built until further funds are obtained.

A collection representing the agricultural grasses of New Hampshire and Massachusetts has been presented to the college by G. F. Carpenter of South Hadley, and a new plant house is soon to be built for the collection.

At the recent meeting of the Hampshire alumnae of the college two shares ($1,000) for the endowment fund were taken. It is proposed to raise the remaining $40,000 by apportioning it in $500 shares among the alumnae. Mrs. S. N. Castle of Honolulu has given $500 to the endowment fund. A. Lyman Williston of Northampton has given $2,000 for concrete walks on the campus.

The first of a course of three lectures under the auspices of the inter class scholarship committee will be given by Henry A. Clapp of Boston, October 28. Professor Woodrow Wilson of Princeton is expected to give a lecture soon on an historical subject. Dr. Margaret Swett, professor of literature at Mt. Holyoke College, will give a series of lectures on Shakespeare at the Brooklyn Institute.

Founder's day will not be observed at the usual time this year, but will be deferred until Thanksgiving time, when it is hoped the Mary Lyon Hall will be completed and dedicated. President McKinley has been invited, and regrets that he cannot be present, but promises to visit the college some time during the year.

President Mead, who visited the Hawaiian islands recently, expresses herself as strongly in favor of annexation. She thinks that one of the first acts of Congress should be to secure this island as a protection of our western coast. The Americans in Hawaii have been to the islands, she says, what the Puritans were to this country. The schools and philanthropic institutions owe their existence to the labors of the Americans living on the islands. Japan stands ready to step in if the United States does not move soon in the matter. The Japanese wish the islands for a coaling station, and will do for Hawaii only what will enhance their own commercial interests, caring much less for the moral interests of the people.

A Wickford Pension.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 13.—Re issue—Jeremiah Wills, 31, of Wickford.

DEVON WATERPROOF BOX CLOTHS

In all shades, for

Livery Top Coats.

COMMERFORD,

TAILOR,

230 Thames Street, Corner Ferry Wharf.

BARGAINS.

Straw Mattings.

Reversible Smyrna Rugs, 9x12 ft., $16 each

5 Mahogany and Gilt Parlor Suits, Parlor and Dining Room Tables and Chairs.

This furniture will be sold very cheap for cash.

Gustave Hamilton, Over 201 Thames St.
E. W. LAWTON'S CARPET ROOM.

NORMAL SANITARY WOOLLEN SYSTEM CO. PURE WOOL WARRANTED

Dr. Jaeger's SANITARY UNDERWEAR

Resists the sudden change of

FALL AND WINTER.

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Illustrated Catalogue.

Newport One Price Clothing Co.,

Leading Clothiers, Hatters and Outfitters,

208 Thames Street, 208

FOR SALE.

Good Horse, Cheap.

INQUIRE OF

EDWARD A. BROWN,

274 Thames Street, Newport, R. I

BRACE UP

BY TAKING

Powell's Beef, Wine and Iron.

MADE BY

Frank L. Powell, Dispensing Chemist

Corner Thames and Pelham Streets, Newport, R. I.

BOSTON STORE.

Millinery.

THE SEMI-ANNUAL

OPENING DISPLAY

In this Department will occur on

WEDNESDAY,

And the following days of this week.

KING-McLEOD COMPANY.

THE BEE HIVE.

We are in the midst of active cloak selling. Never before had we as good a variety as at the present time. Everything that is new, stylish and pretty can be had at our store, and nowhere else in the city do such low prices prevail as at our store.

Jackets for ladies, $2 25 to $19.50
Capes for ladies, $3.75 to $16 50
Misses' jackets, $3.50 to $10.50
Children's jackets, $2.25 to 10 50

Three special kinds which should be purchased immediately:

LOT 1.
Ladies' Jackets made of a heavy new canvas style of cloth, half lined, back and front trimmed with mohair braid and fourageres, the garment well worth $11.00; our price **$8.75** each.

LOT 2.
Ladies' Jackets made of fancy imported novelty cloth, lined throughout with heavy Rhadame silk, well worth $15.50; our price while they last **$9.95** each.

LOT 3.
30-inch Boucle Capes, lined throughout and edged with Thibet fur, well worth $7.50; our price while they last **$5.00** each

We now have a line of Jackets for stout ladies requiring large hip garments, sizes 32 to 46 inch bust.

Infants' Coats in a large variety of pretty styles. It is a well known fact that you can always save money by purchasing coats from us and complete satisfaction always guaranteed; no misrepresentation practiced at our store, and one price to all.

HESS & CO

STORE OPEN MONDAY EVENING.

4th October, 1897.

SPECIAL NOTICE!

Our stores will close on the 23d of this month. All Rugs, embroideries and china are offered at a great sacrifice.

KAZANJIAN & CO., - - - - - - - - KAZANJIAN BUILDING.

This Morning's News.

SAFE RESISTED THEM.

Texas Robbers Go Through a Train Near Austin.

Austin, Tex., Oct. 13.—Within a 20 minutes' run to this city, one of the boldest acts of lawlessness perpetrated in this state of sensational episodes was committed Tuesday afternoon. A southbound train, locally designated as the "cannon ball," on the International and Great Northern railroad, consisting of mail, baggage and express cars and three coaches loaded with passengers, was held up by four men and robbed. Conductor Healy carries evidence in his arm of the determination of the vitalus, and the shirt collar of a passenger was carried away by a bullet that would have finished him had it reached the neck. Another man was wounded in the hand.

When the train reached McNeil, a small station 14 miles above this city, two men, heavily armed, took their stand on the rear platform. After the conductor had checked up the train he reached the platform, only to find a pistol at each side of his head. The men demanded that he stop the train. He declined to do so and began to run through the train with the robbers in close pursuit. He had not gone half the length of the first car when the foremost robber shot at him, bringing him to the floor with a pistol wound in the right arm. At this juncture the other robber pulled the bellcord, and the train was brought to a standstill.

It was evidently at the appointed place, for the train had hardly stopped before two other men, whose faces were covered with masks, stepped out from among the trees and began shooting into the cars. Instantly all was confusion. The two men on the train were immediately joined by those from the woods and began their work. As the colored train porter sprang from the rear coach and ran for shelter, a robber began to shoot at him, and the negro emptied a revolver in turn without effect. The express messenger looked out of his car and, taking in the situation, left the car and was soon lost to sight. The robbers, leaving two men to guard the three coaches, proceeded to the express car and demanded that the baggageman open the express safe, but upon being assured that he could not do so they turned their attention to the passengers. They took only money from them, not overlooking a single cent and walking two by two through the cars so as to always keep their eyes on the passengers.

Having secured about $200 in this manner, they uncoupled the engine from the train and started it off down the track. After going several miles they set the lever at a moderate gait and left the engine. The engine came into the flag station at Duval and was there captured, the station agent returning with it to the scene of the robbery. The train was then brought to this city. Officers have gone to the scene with bloodhounds to search for the robbers.

A Physician's Friends Alarmed.

New York, Oct. 13.—F. W. Kinsman, a druggist, asked the police to send out a special alarm for Dr. George Brackett of Augusta, Me. Mr. Kinsman is a townsman of Dr. Brackett and acted at the request of his relatives in Augusta, who telegraphed him that Dr. Brackett had disappeared. The dispatch stated that Dr. Brackett's mind was probably affected.

Mr. Kinsman said that Dr. Brackett called at his store on Saturday, but, as he was extremely busy at the time, he did not talk to him and did not learn where he was staying. He seemed mentally sound. He also heard from Dr. Brackett by telephone on Sunday. He thinks that the doctor is all right and is staying at some hospital. Dr. Brackett is married and has been in practice in Augusta for six years. He is about 35 years old.

A Newspaper's Protest.

London, Oct. 13.—The Daily Chronicle today, mentioning the rumor that the government "intends to do something for silver, not involving the opening of the Indian mints, but involving a conference which the English delegates would attend with a free hand," asks editorially: "Are we to be plunged into an acute and dangerous controversy over the currency problem? Is this a time for the foremost financial center of christendom to revert to the stage from which other states are seeking to rise? We protest against any such action merely to oblige the United States, who do nothing to oblige us."

Shortage Due to Insanity.

Cleveland, Oct. 13.—An application has been made for an inquest of lunacy in the case of Archibald McLaren, a prominent Scotchman. Mr. McLaren has been for several years the treasurer of the Society of Scottish clans. Recently it was discovered that he was short $15,000 in his accounts. It is not believed the money was embezzled. McLaren's family and friends say his mind is unbalanced, and they believe the missing money is on deposit somewhere, but he cannot tell where.

American News From Spain.

Madrid, Oct. 13.—A private cable message from Washington declares that "President McKinley will endeavor to induce the insurgents to accept autonomy and, if they refuse, he will do his utmost to put an end to agitation and to prevent filibustering, as he believes that, now that Captain General Weyler is recalled, congress will support this policy."

Accident to Furnace Men.

Youngstown, O., Oct. 13.—Four men were badly burned, one probably fatally, by a "slip" at a furnace of the Mahoning Valley iron company. The injured are: Simon Christian, Jesse Franklin, both colored; Joseph Dietl and Arthur Harskin. Christian is thought to be fatally burned.

FOR GOVERNOR OF GEORGIA.

Tom Watson a Fusion Candidate of Three Parties.

ATLANTA, Ga., Oct. 12.—Arrangements were completed today which will unquestionably make Thomas E. Watson, late candidate for the Vice Presidency, a fusion nominee for governor of Georgia. With or without his consent, his friends have entered into a deal whereby the nomination of Watson by the Populists of the state will be endorsed by the Republicans, the Prohibitionists and the Farmers' Alliance.

This combination, aided by the Republicans and the Farmers, will be able to put up the stiffest kind of a fight, the result of which no man can safely predict. The Gold Democrats of the state led by former Secretary of the Interior Hoke Smith, cut no figure whatever, because there is scarcely a handful of them left. The regular Democracy will likely nominate either Captain Evan P. Howell or former Congressman Candler, who is now secretary of state.

TEMPTATION TOO GREAT.

Premium Clerk of Insurance Society an Absconder.

Boston, Oct. 13.—The Herald says that William J. Haines, premium clerk of the Equitable Life Assurance society in this city, is missing, and that he is a confessed defaulter. Resident Secretary Warren had reason to make inquiries for him over a premium after Haines disappeared. Yesterday a letter came to Mr. Warren in which Haines said that he was unable to resist temptation with large sums of money passing through his hands daily.

Mr. Warren, with several assistants, is at work on the books. It is not known how much money has been taken, but the amount is estimated by those who should know at about $3700. Haines was not under bonds, and his books were all right apparently up to a short time ago.

HOTEL AFIRE.

Firemen Had to Help Servants From the Seventh Story.

Chicago, Oct. 13.—At 1:20 o'clock this morning a fire broke out in the Sherman House, one of the largest hotels in the city, and, although all of the guests and the servants escaped, there was for a time the liveliest kind of a panic among them. The fire originated in the kitchen from a gas stove and spread with great rapidity.

The hotel is now in the course of being remodelled, the entire first story being supported by jack-screws. This open space gave the fire quite a chance, and the strong breeze that was blowing from the west fanned the fire fiercely. In a few minutes the entire building was filled with a dense cloud of smoke, and the attaches of the hotel office were hurrying through the halls calling on the guests to prepare to leave. Many of the guests heeded no warning and were in the halls half dressed and more than ready to make their escape to the open air as soon as they saw a chance to do so. There was a wild rush for the street, and in a few minutes all of them, in all conditions of undress, were in the street, or safely on their way to it.

The servants were located in the seventh story of the hotel, and for a time it looked as though some of them would not be able to reach the street in safety owing to the dense clouds of smoke that filled the building. The firemen were compelled to carry several of the girls down two flights of stairs until they could secure a passage way to the street that was comparatively free from smoke, and from this point all of them manged to make their escape from the building without accident.

The flames were confined to the rear portion of the hotel, and although for a time the fire looked to be dangerous the firemen soon had it under control. The damage to the building will not be over $5000.

SERVIAN POLITICS.

Members of the Liberal Party Robbed and Killed by Radicals.

London, Oct. 13.—A dispatch to The Daily Mail from Vienna says: The trial of 200 brigands and receivers of stolen property is proceeding at Tschalschak, in Servia. The evidence has revealed systematic plundering and murdering of members of the Liberal party at the instigation of radicals. Deputy Tajsitch, a well-known radical member of the assembly, was arraigned as an accomplice of the brigands, but the radical minister of justice procured his release, and it is expected that the same influence will secure the acquittal of the others. The trial has developed horrifying evidence of the torturing of victims with red hot irons before robbery.

On a Long Race.

Philadelphia, Oct. 13.—The two American clipper ships, Tacoma, Captain Gaffrey, and the Indiana, Captain Colley, sailed out of the Delaware breakwater yesterday afternoon on a 10,000-mile race. Both are from Philadelphia, the former bound for Tacoma and Seattle, and the latter for San Francisco. Arthur Sewall, late candidate for vice president, is sole owner of the Indiana, which has traded around Cape Horn for more than 21 years. It is calculated that she should reach 'Frisco in 120 days. Between the masters of these ships there has been much discussion as to their respective sailing qualities, and each agreed to deposit a sum of money to go to the winning ship after time and distance allowances shall have been made to the one going to the more northern port.

The Tacoma was built in Bath, Me., in 1881, is 1672 tons register and owned by Charles Davenport of Bath, while the Indiana is 1488 tons register and was built in 1876. Mr. Sewall looks upon her as one of his best craft despite her age.

Blockading of Travel.

Austin, Tex., Oct. 13.—The most serious situation now confronting the people of Texas is the almost complete blockading of travel, owing to the yellow fever scare. Many of the trains on all the principal lines have been abandoned and local lines have stopped running entirely. Both divisions of the Houston and Texas Central and the Southern Pacific are tied up most effectually, not a single wheel moving east of the extreme northern portion of the state.

Every small town in the state is rapidly organizing shotgun quarantines, so trains cannot stop except at the big cities. The situation in the entire state is highly panicky, and the feeling is one of growing alarm and apprehension. By tonight, unless the situation is relieved, the entire southern and central portions of the state will be practically without railroad facilities, as all trains will be stopped.

An Unexplained Reversal.

Princeton, N. J., Oct. 13.—The sudden reversal in form of last year's champions is inexplicable, unless the new feature of Princeton's play, an open game, is taken into account. Three days ago they were stronger than any of the "big four"; today Harvard and possibly Pennsylvania might defeat them. However, it is evident that Coaches Moffatt, Poe, Ward and George have an object in view in putting the "tigers" through the new form of practice, and in all probability the strongest eleven in the country in open play will be evolved from the line bucking aggregation.

JUSTICE FIELD TO RETIRE.

Prospective Cabinet Changes Which are Likely to Follow.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 12.—Associate Justice Stephen Johnson Field of the United States Supreme Court has made formal application to President McKinley to be retired from the bench. This statement is made upon the highest authority, and also that Attorney General Joseph McKenna of California will be nominated to succeed him December 6, when Congress convenes, five days after the retirement of Justice Field takes effect. Should other changes talked of tonight occur, there will be a shaking up of the cabinet as an indirect result of Justice Field's retirement.

According to one story, the accuracy of which cannot be vouched for at present, Assistant Secretary of State William R. Day is to become Attorney General, Secretary of State Sherman is to retire to private life, Secretary Long is to be transferred to the State Department and Assistant Secretary of the Navy Theodore Roosevelt is to be advanced to the head of the Navy Department.

The President is seriously considering the appointment of Mr. Day as Attorney General, and the succession to Attorney General McKenna is believed to be between Mr. Day and Colonel J. J. McCook of New York. Colonel McCook has once declined the Interior Department portfolio, and some doubt is expressed as to whether he would now accept the Attorney Generalship; but it is known that he would prefer that office to any other in the cabinet.

The prospective changes in the cabinet depend in large measure upon Secretary Sherman. Should he voluntarily ask to be relieved from the cares of office to enjoy the rest to which his long and honorable career has entitled him, the probabilities are that Mr. Day, if he should not be made Attorney General, would succeed to the head of the State Department. It was well understood when Mr. Day accepted an under secretaryship that he would be appointed to a cabinet office some time during the present administration, and it may be stated now, without fear of contradiction, that he will be appointed to one of the two offices before the close of the present year.

Justice Field has been eligible for retirement since November 4, 1888, when he became seventy years old. Since that time there have been frequent rumors that he was about to leave the bench. It was not until a week ago, however, that he decided to take the step of which this is the first announcement. He then called upon the President and formally presented his letter, asking for retirement.

Efforts were made during the Cleveland administration to induce Mr. Field to retire, but he would not consent to do so for two reasons. One was that he desired to exceed the longest term of service on the Supreme Court bench in the history of the court, and the other was that he was determined not to give President Cleveland an opportunity to appoint a Democrat to the bench to succeed him.

It was August 16 last that Justice Field broke the record for length of service, as it was on that day that he exceeded the term of thirty-four years five months and six days to the credit of Chief Justice Marshall, which had up to that time been the longest in the history of the court. The total length of Justice Field's service up to the time when his retirement will take effect, December 1, will be thirty-four years seven months and twenty days. Under the law, Justice Field will receive the full salary of an associate justice of the Supreme Court, $10,000 a year, for the remainder of his life.

Unanimously Declined.

Brockton, Mass., Oct. 13.—The striking shoe makers held a mass meeting last night, about 400 being present, representing Stoughton, Whitman, Rockland and Brockton. The sole fasteners, finishers, edgemakers and machine operators' unions were well represented. It was voted unanimously to reject the proposition of the manufacturers, who offered two cents per pair to sole fasteners and to take back men only as they needed them.

Most of the manufacturers are now determined to fight all winter, as the season is now so spoiled that they can do nothing on their present run of work. Several manufacturers threaten to quit the business and retire rather than to have more trouble with their help. The sole fasteners are waiting for admission to the Boot and Shoe Makers' union when they expect that the other unions will help them out of their trouble by striking. There is much doubt, however, that the lasters will again go out on strike at least until April.

Criticised the Governor.

Boston, Oct. 13.—The Massachusetts Democratic club held a meeting at the American House last night. Pierre Humbert, Jr., chairman, gave an account of the work done by the club in the state, and said that for the first time in the politics of the state a club had engaged in a fight to the finish with the agents of corruption, and then he proceeded to tell about the destruction of "the rottenest ring that ever existed in the state convention at Worcester."

Oliver Downing criticised Governor Wolcott for charging that one-fourth of the voters of the state, in their affiliation with the Chicago platform, were a menace to the nation.

Who Wants a Ball Franchise?

Scranton, Pa., Oct. 13.—The Scranton Baseball association of the Eastern league has given an option on its franchise until Dec. 1 to Scranton stock company promoters. The price is $2500. Brooks and Simpson, the chief owners, will be in the new association, if it is formed, and that seems likely. It is proposed that the club next season shall play Sunday games away from home. Patrick Powers, president of the league, with the owners' consent, tried to place the franchise out of Scranton at $3500, but failed to do so.

Republicans Lost a City.

Chattanooga, Oct. 13.—The municipal election yesterday resulted in the overwhelming defeat of the Republicans. Colonel Watkins, a Democrat, was elected mayor by 905 majority. The Democrats elected six out of the eight aldermen.

This city is nominally Republican by from 500 to 700, and the overwhelming reversal in politics is due to apathy of the Republican voters and the disaffection of the negroes. There was a very light vote, only 5500 being cast.

EZETA'S PLOTS.

Salvador's Ex-President Anxious to Return to Power.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 12.—Carlos Ezeta, Salvador's fugitive ex-president, is plotting to regain his lost prestige and power. Although apparently living a quiet life across the bay, he is availing himself of every opportunity to strengthen his cause and make war on the present administration of his native country.

From the South comes information that nearly all of Ezeta's old generals, who were forced to flee from Salvador when the ex-president escaped, have joined the forces of General Morales, head of the revolutionary movement in Guatemala, and have been fighting under his banner with the understanding that if Morales wins he will aid them in restoring Ezeta to power in Salvador.

Local sympathizers with the Guatemalan rebels are receiving despatches which are in direct contradiction to those sent out by Burlos. According to these the revolutionists have gained a big victory near Tapachula.

SHERMAN'S REPLY.

Surprised That British Refused to Confer With Japan and Russia.

Washington, Oct. 13.—Secretary Sherman has written a reply to the note of Lord Salisbury expressing Great Britain's declination to take part in a Behring sea conference in which Russia and Japan are to participate. The essential features of Mr. Sherman's reply have been sent by cable to the British government, and the reply in full is now on its way to the British authorities. Lord Salisbury's note of declination, it can now be stated, bore date of Oct. 6, last Wednesday, so that the response is made with promptness.

The answer states that the United States government views with astonishment the determination of Great Britain not to participate in a conference including Japan and Russia, and the statement is made that up to the 23rd of last month the United States authorities had fully expected that the conference would proceed with Russia and Japan as well as Great Britain present. It is pointed out that, aside from the written correspondence, to which Lord Salisbury had called attention, there were verbal negotiations between Ambassador Hay and his lordship in which specific reference was made to the participation of Russia and Japan. At one of these verbal exchanges, it is stated, Lord Salisbury said he would advise with the officials of the foreign office concerning the subjects discussed, which included the participation of Russia and Japan. Subsequently, on July 29, Ambassador Hay wrote to Lord Salisbury saying that the president hoped to have Russia and Japan participate in the conference. In view of these circumstances the United States had confidently expected that Great Britain would take part in the conference, and that Russia and Japan would be represented with the approval of Great Britain.

Besides the foregoing reply, and in view of the differences which have arisen, the state department suggests a conference in accordance with the terms of Lord Salisbury's agreement as he construes it, namely, between experts of Great Britain, the United States and Canada. This last feature is now under consideration by the British government, its substance having been transmitted by cable; but it is not expected that an answer will be made until Mr. Sherman's answer in detail reaches London.

In the meantime preparations for the conference between the United States Russia and Japan are proceeding. While an exact date has not yet been fixed for the conference, the expectation is that all the delegates will be here in time to bring them together Oct. 20.

Houston's Fever Cases.

Houston, Oct. 13.—The city woke up yesterday to find itself in quarantine with the declaration of State Health Officer Swearingen, based on the statement of Dr. Gutteras, that four cases of yellow fever existed here. The public schools were not opened, and this fact created some alarm. Few trains left town, and all were filled. The cases have been promptly isolated.

City health officers carefully investigated several cases called to their attention, but pronounced all of them dengue. All four cases are isolated, but no new ones were found. No trains are running now except one between here and Galveston.

"A little run down"

the doctor says, and writes a prescription. Nourishing food is also required—the system craves it.

H-O

is what he advises.

HORNBY'S STEAM-COOKED OATMEAL

Beware of Imitations

LEA & PERRINS' The Original Genuine Worcestershire SAUCE

JOHN DUNCAN'S SONS, AGENTS, NEW YORK.

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HAVE YOU SEEN THE

Twin Cylinder Spring Seat Rest?

Fitted to your wheel for trial. If you don't like it it will cost you no thing.

Bicycles, Sewing Machines and All Kinds of Machinery repaired at 90 Thames St. The largest repair shop in the city.

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that suits most smokers — the best cut plug sold—it's made from choicest leaf, like all

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One entire floor devoted to Venetian Carved Furniture, French Cabinets, and other foreign productions.

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Teacher of Piano, Organ and Theory of Music.

Rooms 703 and 701, Ledoux Building, 139 Mathewson street, Providence, where arrangements for lessons may be made any day except Monday, from 9 to 3.

Mr. Diman's Boarding and Day School for Boys

Will begin its Second Year September 20, in the SWANN COTTAGE, just south of the Cliff Hotel.

Mr. Diman may be seen at the school on any week day before 12 o'clock until the opening of the term.

Alfred G. Langley, A. M.,

PRIVATE TUTOR,

Piano Instruction and Accompanying.

1 School Street. Call from 1:30 to 3 P. M.

NOTICE.

MR. EDWARD Y. MASON is now arranging appointments for his fall and winter classes in piano and organ. Those wishing to take lessons in the above branches can apply to Mr. Mason at 83 Spring street. Terms reasonable.

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TEACHER OF PIANO, ORGAN AND SINGING (Italian Method),

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wishes to inform his customers that he is still doing business at the old stand,

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Hay and Grain.

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SEASONABLE NOTES.

Here in Newport there are no signs yet of frost, and when they come it will not be with the glory that the autumn brings further inland. Our leaves dry and drop with little change of color, though a few trees, notably a small maple on Touro Park, turn from green to yellow and are worth seeing where there is nothing better. But already on the Old Colony road, less than an hour's ride from here, are the gorgeous forests, and going by rail to Providence one comes, after Warren is passed, on trees fairly blazing with color. They stand in compact masses of yellows and reds, and again singly like huge, gay bouquets. From the Berkshires and White mountains come tales of the transformation these weeks caused by the brilliant foliage.

Two vegetables not common this side of the ocean are exhibited at the food fair in Boston! They are kohlrabi, a bulb cooked and served as are turnips, and a kale plant which is used as "greens." Vegetable marrow, so much seen in the old countries, has been very little taken into favor here. But if the Old World has vegetables that we are not familiar with some of our best are known there only by hearsay. It was an English woman who came from Covent Garden market with something to surprise her American friend. Out of tissue wrappings she took an ear of green corn. The American had not seen such a sight for two years, and the husk was turned back and the silk admired and also the pretty, even grains. "Now eat it," said the English woman, getting impatient at the delay; "I bought it for you. You may have it all, but do begin to eat it at once. I want to see how you do it."

Hundreds of shelves are being loaded today with thousands of jars and tumblers of preserves, jellies, pickles sweet and sour, and spiced fruits. There is an odor of cloves and cinnamon in the air, and it seems to belong with the autumn haze. Calling on your friend it is not surprising if you are invited into the kitchen, where she sits pricking purple plums, one by one, with a fork. Then the conversation, instead of dealing with the last club paper, as "The Dialects of the Chinese Interior," or "The Ethical Forces of the Universe," runs on how much a basket, and the whole cost of the preserve being nine cents a quart, the jars not counting, as they last from year to year, and are the stones taken out? No, the plums are washed and steamed, and pricked so that they will not burst under the cooking. The syrup is made with a little water, and sugar in proportion as the preserve is wanted sweet or sour. It is in the porcelain-lined kettle on the fire, and into it the plums go now that they are prepared. There is not enough syrup to cover them at first, but the heat soon brings out their juice, and then they are allowed to boil gently until soft. They are put in the glass jars and the covers closed while the fruit is hot, and the next event in their existence will be after the snow flies.

One reads with mingled pleasure and fear that we are to have a chance to make a big exhibit at the coming Paris fair. Will we do it, or will it be a colossal fiasco like the American show this summer at Brussels? There, among delightful and well-arranged exhibits from South American states and little African and Asian places barely dreamed of, you came on a square over which a clothes-line was stretched from gallery to gallery. From this a row of star-spangled banners, hung as if to dry, drooped, and mourned and mourned. You came on them after passing through the tastefully decorated French section, and striking was the contrast between the country that thinks it necessary to do all things well and the one that is content with an occasional magnificent outburst on a background of makeshifts.

Under the flags were three or four stands of bicycles, fine as far as they went, a stand of cash-registers, ingenious but not filling, and an army of yellow, factory-made furniture, roller-top desks, wooden rockers, tables and stands with sprawling legs, ungraceful, ungainly, common. The young Belgian woman in attendance, overhearing some of the remarks of grieved and ashamed Americans, said she was surprised herself when she saw the furniture, as she had heard that "you have things quite comfortable in America now." This from our representative added to the depression caused by a visit to the United States exhibit at Brussels in 1897.

The planting of Eucalyptus trees has done away with malaria in some parts of the Roman campagna and in sections of Algeria and Portugal. New Eucalyptus cordials are to be had, announced as sure cures for malaria, grip and filth diseases, and Eucalyptus salts are put up by half a dozen houses. The odor is far from agreeable, but a bottle of salts left open for an hour in a room is said to purify the atmosphere, and they are recommended as an inhalent to those suffering with colds.

A new method of embroidery, or rather an old method revived, is done on thin book-muslin. The pattern is traced on glazed calico and basted temporarily under the muslin. A needle is threaded with number twelve knitting cotton and passed back and forth under the muslin from side to side of a leaf, the thread left a little loose in the short stitches where it comes to the surface. This leaves an outline of short stitches, and the leaf is backed, showing through the muslin, with the thick white cotton. Veins and stems are done in a long vine stitch on the back, with short stitches on the surface. The effect is odd and pretty and suggests an applique. The method is used in embroidering the aprons now fashionable, and for casement curtains. The embroidered article is sometimes lined with colored silk.

In But One Way Can the Smoothness and the purity of good whiskey be arrived at and that is by age. The loss to the owners is large because of evaporation, but their loss is the consumers' gain, for the subtle changes which the incomparable chemist, Nature, brings about cannot be obtained by any scientific or chemical process. The G. O. Taylor Whiskies are given seven years in which to ripen, thus ensuring their celebrated smoothness and flavor.

WHAT GENERAL MILES SAW.

Some of His Observations of New Ideas in Modern Warfare.

General Nelson A. Miles, U. S. A., who has recently returned from a five months' tour in Europe, employed his time abroad to the very best advantage looking over fortifications, barracks, camps, ordnance works of all classes and all the minutiae of military life in and out of camp. During his tour he met most of the rulers of Europe, including Queen Victoria, the Czar of Russia, the president of France, the Sultan of Turkey and the King and Crown Prince of Greece.

In matters of detail General Miles will have a good deal to say in his report that will be novel and interesting. One feature of the manoeuvres which were conducted on a grand scale in four of the European countries that attracted his special attention, because it is as yet lacking in our own military system to any appreciable degree, was the use of balloons in field operations, not from fixed points, but on movable bases. For instance, at St. Quentin, which was the scene of the French manoeuvres, a balloon floated half a mile up in the air. It was attached by cable and telephone wires to a wagon drawn by eight horses, and this team was galloped over the field at a rapid rate, enabling the observer aloft to scan a vast expanse of country. The rapid motion of the balloon, too, made it a very difficult mark for gunners trying to bring it down. So far our own army has only one balloon, and not much has been done with it.

Another point noted by General Miles was the large use made in Europe of American weapons, particularly machine, rapid-fire and small guns. At Aldershot every one of the British regiments that swept past in review was followed by a machine gun of American invention. The entire British army was armed with a rifle designed by an American, and the Germans have begun the purchase of a number of these American machine guns. Russia also uses American ideas in her army, and it is not doubted that only the enormous expense of making a change in the present system has operated to prevent the French from adopting the same machine and rapid-fire guns.

General Miles speaks in terms of high commendation of the Russian army, and refers to the fact as important that it was even better equipped than the German army in one point, namely, in having tents, the Germans relying upon billeting their soldiers upon the towns of the hostile country, a plan which might prove to be a fatal weakness in an emergency such as would follow the total destruction, by fleeing inhabitants, of their towns.

Speaking broadly, General Miles says he does not believe that much advancement had been made in the past five years in the science of war, as revealed in the European manoeuvres.

LOCAL BRIEFS.

—Miss Florence Knowlton has sailed for Europe.

—The Second Baptist Church entertainment, postponed last night on account of the rain, will be held Thursday evening.

—Mrs. E. L. Mills and Miss May Mills have gone to Charlottetown, Prince Edward Island, where the marriage of Miss Mills to Mr. James G. Albro, 2d., of this city will take place Monday, November 15.

—The pulpit of the Zabriskie Memorial Church will be occupied next Sunday morning by Rev. A. B. Hunter of Raleigh, N. C., and in the evening by Rev. R. E. Bennett, late rector of St. Peter's Church, Narragansett Pier.

—Lieutenant Erasmus M. Weaver, Second United States artillery, who was formerly stationed at Fort Adams and is now at Fort Warren, was last evening elected by the school committee of Boston military instructor in the public schools of that city.

—The retirement of Commodore Rush R. Wallace, now in command of the Newport Naval Station, next month, will promote Captain J. C. Watson to be commodore, Commander F. E. Chadwick to be captain, Lieutenant Commander F. M. Wise to be commander, Lieutenant Thomas S. Phelps to be lieutenant commander, Lieutenant (junior grade) W. H. Fletcher to be lieutenant, and Ensign Francis Boughter to be lieutenant (junior grade).

BIESEL—LAKE.

The home of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Biesel on Broadway was the scene last evening of a quiet wedding ceremony, when their daughter, Miss Elizabeth Henrietta Biesel, was married to Mr. Edward Perry Lake. The bride wore a gown of white silk and carried a bouquet of white roses, and was attended by Miss Mollie Lake and Miss Flora Biesel, sisters of the groom and bride. The ceremony was performed by Rev. H. M. Stone of the Berkeley Memorial Church, of which the groom is organist. Mr. and Mrs. Lake left on the New York boat for a brief wedding tour, after which they will return here to reside at 56 Touro street.

MIDDLETOWN.

[Regular Correspondence of the News.]

Mr. and Mrs. John H. Blair entertained yesterday.

Mr. William H. Randall of North Rochester, Mass., was in town yesterday.

Mrs. Alfred Carr entertained Mrs. Thomas Ward and Mrs Silas Ward of Providence yesterday.

PORTSMOUTH.

[Regular correspondence of the News.]

Mrs. Albert Hall has gone to Boston to see her sister-in-law, Mrs. Alice Sisson, who is very ill with nervous prostration.

Mrs. William H. Chase, Jr., is attending the celebration in New Bedford, as guest of her uncles.

Mrs. Ruth W. Macomber and Miss Ethel Macomber are at Mrs. Edward P. Macomber, Jr.'s on Ferry Neck. Mrs. Edward Macomber has been ill for the last three months.

Mr. Howard M. Brownell, an actor from Philadelphia, is in town, having been called here by the death of his father, Mr. John Francis Brownell.

Mr. Louis B. Chase of Providence and Mr. B. Archie Chase of Warren were guests of their parents, Mr. and Mrs. Constant C. Chase, Sunday.

Mr. Thomas Varden has gone to New Bedford for the celebration.

Mrs. A. V. L. Dennis and Mr. and Mrs. William F. Brayton and their two daughters, Clara and Edna, were guests Tuesday of Mr. and Mrs. Willard S. Brayton.

Rev. John N. Geisler has returned from North Easton, where he has been attending the Providence District Ministerial Association session.

MERRY AUTUMN.

It's all a farce—these tales they tell
About the breezes sighing,
And means astir o'er field and dell,
Because the year is dying.

Such principles are most absurd—
I care not who first taught 'em;
There's nothing known to beast or bird
To make a solemn autumn.

In solemn times, when grief holds sway,
With countenance distressing,
You'll note the more of black and gray
Will then be used in dressing.

Now purple tints are all around;
The sky is blue and mellow;
And e'en the grasses turn the ground
From modest green to yellow.

The seed burs all with laughter crack
On featherweed and jimson;
And leaves that should be dressed in black
Are all decked out in crimson.

A butterfly goes winging by;
A singing bird comes after;
And nature, all from earth to sky,
Is bubbling o'er with laughter.

* * * * * * *

Don't talk to me of solemn days
In autumn's time of splendor,
Because the sun shows fewer rays,
And these grow slant and slender.

Why, it's the climax of the year—
The highest time of living!
Till naturally its bursting cheer
Just melts into thanksgiving.

—[Paul Laurence Dunbar.

FANCIES.

He married his stenographer,
And now he's feeling sore;
To her he used to dictate, but
He doesn't any more.

—[Chicago Daily News.

Mrs. Kwiver—John, I hear baby crying. Mr. Kwiver (who is not inclined to take the hint)—Awfully glad, Mary, that

We learn to talk during the first few years of our existence, but it takes us all the rest of our lives to learn to keep still. —[Life.

your hearing is not becoming defective. In fact, I'd rather be a little hard of hearing myself than that you should become deaf.—[Boston Transcript.

"She is a woman who always speaks her mind."

"Yes, and she changes her mind so often that she is kept constantly talking." —[Truth.

Papa—Why did that young fellow stay so long after the fire had gone out last night?

The brother—I guess he was afraid she would get cold if he left her alone.—[Life.

Forrester—You live in a quiet part of the town, do you not?

Lancaster—Not now.

Forrester—Moved?

Lancaster—No. Got twins.—[Tit-Bits.

Kodak—I succeeded in developing a splendid negative in a strong light yesterday.

Lens—How did you manage it?

Kodak—Asked Miss Richleigh to marry me.—[Chicago Daily News.

Smith—You say you are not obstinate, but why do you always insist on having your own way?

Jones—Because it's always better than other people's.—[Truth.

First passenger—This is a single track road, and we may lie here for another hour yet.

Second passenger—Unfortunately, yes.

First passenger (after a pause)—Travel seems to be light on this road, doesn't it?

Second passenger—Light? Why, man, what on earth are you talking about! Light travels at the rate of 186,000 miles a second.—[Richmond Dispatch.

PERSONALS.

....The death is announced of Thomas Whiffen, a well-known actor, in Hartford, England.

....The engagement of Miss Isabel McKenna, daughter of Attorney General McKenna, and Mr. Peter Martin of San Francisco has been broken.

....President McKinley has decided to attend the dinner of the Commercial Club in Cincinnati October 30. It is to be a non-partisan affair, and Mr. McKinley does not expect to make a speech.

....A deputation from the town of Castellane, in Basses-Alpes, on the Verdon, has invited Comte Boniface de Castellane, the husband of Miss Anna Gould, to contest its parliamentary seat at the next election in France against M. Francois Delonele, a well-known deputy.

....Captain William H. Perry, a cousin of Mrs. Hetty Green and a grand nephew of Commodore Perry, died at his home in Asbury Park, N. J., yesterday, in his eighty-fifth year. He was born in New Bedford and followed the sea for fifty-two years, having served for a time in the British navy and being one of the first to volunteer for sea duty at the outbreak of the civil war.

FAG AND FAG-MASTERS IN THE ENGLISH SCHOOLS.

Fag-masters are often the fags' best friends, and even at the universities afterwards keep a kindly eye upon them. Sometimes it happens that a fag turns out a great cricketer or oarsman, in which case his old fag-master is as proud of him as of a younger brother. Or, like as not, in after-life a country parson can look back upon the time when he fagged the bishop of his diocese. In a speech made in 1896 by Lord Rosebery, late prime minister of England, there is an amusing reference to fagging: "It is a long time since you and I, Mr. Chairman" (Mr. Acland, minister of education), "first met. I have always been a little under your presidence, because I began as your fag at Eton, and I little thought, when I poached your eggs and made your tea, that we were destined to meet under these very dissimilar circumstances." Lord Rosebery then went on to make some suggestions to Mr. Acland "with all that humility which befits our former relations." There can be no doubt that every one laughed heartily at this, and that it helped very much in getting a hearing for his suggestion.—[Harper's Round Table.

Mr. C. Oliver Iselin says there is no foundation for the report that the Defender will participate in the winter races at Cannes, France, so far as he knows. Mr. William K. Vanderbilt has been in France and, Mr. Iselin intimates, may have made some arrangement of the kind. If there is any intention of sending the yacht to France nothing will be done until Mr. Vanderbilt's return to this country.

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QUALITY NEVER VARIES.
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For MEDICAL PRACTITIONERS' PRESCRIPTIONS
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HAVE NO EQUAL.
SOUPS
Prepared especially for family use. Perfectly blended flavors. Made from the best materials. Nutritious and wholesome. Nineteen different varieties. For sale by grocers and provision dealers.
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Outing Flannels.
1,200 yards pink and blue outing flannels at 7c. a yard.
50 pairs white
BLANKETS,
Handsome red and blue borders, $1 per pair.
WHITE SHAKER FLANNEL
20 yards for $1.
Wm. B. Sherman, Jr.,
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ALL THE LATEST STYLES
—IN—
Jackets and Capes
—FOR—
Ladies and Misses.
A new line of SKIRTS for Fall and Winter at low prices.
Accordion Plaited Chiffon in all colors.
We have a full line of all the newest things in Dress Goods and Silk for Fall and Winter use.
Our stock of Ladies', Misses' and Men's Underwear is complete.
Blankets and Comforters in all grades and prices. We have the best $1 blanket in the city.
Call and see our New Gloves.
All shades of Eider Down Cloth.
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In all the world there is no other treatment so pure, so sweet, so safe, so speedy, for preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, scalp, and hair, and eradicating every humor, as warm baths with CUTICURA SOAP, and gentle anointings with CUTICURA (ointment), the great skin cure.
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Lots on the King Land,
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Also Cottages on and near Broadway
INSURANCE AT LOWEST RATES.
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169 THAMES STREET.

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A NUMBER OF CHOICE FURNISHED NEW YORK HOUSES.
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For Sale.
A Farm of Forty Acres,
Within two and one-half miles of Newport, in excellent order. New house, farmhouse and barn. Price $11,000.
APPLY TO
JOHN WHIPPLE.

HOUSE LOTS
On Thurston and Peckham avenues, for sale on easy terms. Agents making sale will receive commission. D. PECKHAM, 160 Dearborn street, Chicago, Ill.

RENFREW PARK COTTAGES FOR RENT
AT NEWPORT, R. I.
The cottages are delightfully situated by the sea, handsomely furnished and fitted with every modern improvement, located at the east end of the celebrated bathing beach, where there is a private bath house for each cottage. Apply to local agents.

Jamestown, Conanicut Island
Real Estate Office, Dumbleton Building, 539 Thames Street, Newport, R. I.,
Within one minute's walk of the Jamestown Ferry
Also Office Ferry Wharf, Jamestown.
FURNISHED COTTAGES
To rent and for sale. Some of the finest marine building sites on the American coast for sale. Plans, plats and maps at offices.
DANIEL WATSON, Agent.

DRUGGISTS.

DOWNING'S
Rum and Quinine
FOR THE HAIR.
An elegant toilet preparation for preserving, restoring and beautifying the hair, rendering it soft and glossy, curing all diseases of the scalp. Free from all irritating matter, it softens the hair when hard or dry, acting upon the roots, keeps the scalp in a healthy condition.
PREPARED ONLY BY
DOWNING BROTHERS,
PHARMACISTS.
42 & 44 Broadway.

USE
WRIGHT'S ODONTINE
FOR THE TEETH.
Manufactured by
James T. Wright, Pharmacist,
22 WASHINGTON SQUARE.

W. H. STRATFORD,
Registered Pharmacist.
HAZARD, HAZARD & CO'S.
THE ORIGINAL NO. 6 COLOGNE.
ALL SIZES.
Colgate & Co's Perfumes and Toilet Soaps.
Prescriptions put up with care and dispatch.
Telephone, Night Clerk.
Bellevue Avenue, corner Levin Street.

WM. H. COTTON,
Druggist and Apothecary,
OLD No. 115, NEW No. 220 THAMES STREET
NEWPORT, R. I.

Celery and Dandelion Bitters.
This remedy, as the name indicates, tones up the nerves and stimulates the liver. It contains, in addition to celery and dandelion, the best properties of calisaya bark, rendering it an excellent aperitifer.
75 cents a bottle.
PREPARED BY
Geo. A. Wood, - - Druggist,
102 BROADWAY.

NEW WAIST SETS, NEW BELTS
HANDSOME AND CHEAP.
Watches Always a Specialty.
Fine Porcelain Clocks,
Jewelry and Silver and Silver Plated Tableware.
E. C. BLAINE, 216 Thames Street.

HOUSEFURNISHING GOODS.

Call and See Our Stoves.
We have a full line of RANGES from $6.50 to $50.
Also a complete line of HEATING STOVES from $5 to $25.
We would call your attention to our
DINNER SETS
Which we are selling from $6.90 to $15.
All articles for housekeeping, such as KETTLES, JARS, TUMBLERS, ETC.
CALL AT 338 THAMES STREET BEFORE BUYING ELSEWHERE.
J. F. MARDEN.

FURNITURE, CROCKERY AND PICTURES
Packed, Shipped or Stored
—BY—
J. W. HORTON & CO.,
CARPET DEALERS,
Cabinet Makers and Upholsterers,
42 CHURCH STREET.
J. W. HORTON. F. A. WARD

FURNITURE
AND FURNITURE REPAIRING.
John S. Langley,
Funeral Director and Embalmer
FREDERICK E. LANGLEY, Assistant.
Office 18 Franklin St. Telephone at office and residence.
Residence, 1 School St.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

500 pairs of pure gum Rubber Boots, SHORT.
(First quality, Woonsocket) while they last at a reduced price.
$2.50 a pair.
Regular price, $3.50, at
The Pilot Shoe Store,
E. T. FRECHEL, - - Proprietor.
211 Thames Street, Daily News Block

CORNS
Can be cured in one night while you sleep, by using
McCreedy's Corn Solvent.
FOR SALE ONLY BY
JOHN M. SWAN,
200 THAMES STREET.

EXAMINE OUR
$3 and $4
BALMORALS
—IN—
Russet and Box Calf.
Seabury Co., 214 Thames St

Arctic Ice Co.,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN NATURAL AND ARTIFICIAL ICE.
This company is prepared to furnish ice of the best quality and in any quantity desired.
Prompt attention and delivery by experienced drivers. Telephone connection.
OFFICE, COMMERCIAL WHARF.
JOHN H. GREENE Supt.

EDWARD P. MARSH,
Undertaker and Embalmer
101 Thames Street.
RESIDENCE, 14 Everett Street.
TELEPHONE At Office and Residence.

NEWPORT DAILY NEWS AND THE NEWPORT JOURNAL.
T. T. PITMAN, PROPRIETOR.
Office, 207 Thames Street.
News, $6.00 a year. Journal, $2.00

TELEPHONE CALLS,
Business Office, down stairs, 6417-2
Editorial and Reportorial Rooms, up stairs, 6117-3
Publisher's Residence, 24 High St.

The Newport Journal contains the best matter in the Daily News each week, and will be sent anywhere in the United States, postage paid, for $2 a year in advance. Requests for change of address should give old address as well as the new.

ADVERTISING RATES.

Advertisements, without special position, $1 a square for the first insertion and 25 cents for each continuance. Ten lines, or less, nonpariel type (or five-sixths of an inch) make a square. Advertisements of five lines or less are taken at about one-half these rates. A discount is allowed on all advertisements ordered in the Daily for more than one week, or when both papers are used.

Yearly or Term Advertisers are limited to their immediate business, are guaranteed but five insertions in a week, and are allowed twenty-five changes a year. Electrotypes will be used without extra charge if solid metal; "wood backs" cannot be used with safety to the press.

Advertisers using both the **daily and weekly** papers receive a discount on the combined rates and gain the advantage of distinct classes of readers, no person reading both the daily and weekly. The Journal goes among people who read no other local paper.

PRINTING.

The News has six steam presses and has a large and well appointed job printing office.

Newport Daily News

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 13, 1897.

ITEMS OF LOCAL INTEREST ARE SOLICITED, AND WILL BE USED IN THE DAILY NEWS IF THEIR AUTHENTICITY IS KNOWN. COMMUNICATIONS OF ANY KIND SENT TO THIS PAPER MUST BE ACCOMPANIED IN ALL CASES WITH NAME OF SENDER OR THEY CANNOT BE PUBLISHED UNDER ANY CIRCUMSTANCES.

NO IRISH FAMINE.

The report that was put in circulation some time since that there was likely to be a famine in Ireland during the coming winter now appears to be without foundation in fact. The conditions of the crops is such as to practically make sure of an abundance throughout the greater portion of the island. It is admitted, however, that in some sections there will be a scarcity in food products; but this is no more than what happens in almost every country with frequency, and should create no alarm. Taking the country through and through, there is likely to be no want, and certainly there need be no unusual distress.

But if there were a shortage, other portions of the British empire, and such as are near at hand, could easily supply the lack. There is something a little suspicious in the great haste with which certain American newspapers and American politicians have rushed into print, making offers to establish relief funds and to supply all the wants of the Green Isle. This action has doubtless had something to do with politics, and may have been calculated not only to interest the Irishmen of this country, but to capture them for future uses. It is true that if there were a famine in Ireland, or in any other part of the world, American people would make haste to afford relief, as far as possible, to the sufferers. They were never known to fail in this direction, and probably never will turn a deaf ear to such calls. The only mistake in this case which the would-be philanthropists have made is that their offers of assistance are somewhat premature. When the famine actually comes, our country, like all others, will take a hand in relieving the distresses of that people. But it scarcely necessary to crowd a famine upon them in theory for the sake of showing our willingness to help.

THE MORMON QUESTION.

Not a few people supposed that the introduction of Utah to statehood would result in a settlement of the disputed questions that have so long agitated the territory and the country at large. It is true that bigamy is prohibited by the state constitution, and was a pre-requisite to the family of states; but in reality that settles little or nothing.

The whole movement for admission was an unworthy one on the part of American politicians. The Democrats thought to win two additional Senators in Congress by the performance, but most ignominiously failed, as the Republicans were able to step in and take the prize. And now the question arises whether there should be practically a union of church and state in that pestiferous country. The Mormon leaders contend, and are probably able to enforce the proposition, that the Mormon vote should be wholly controlled by the church. Wilford Woodruff, president of that body, who, by virtue of his office, is accepted as an oracle of Divine authority, in a sermon to twelve thousand members of the church, uttered this momentous admonition: "God Almighty requires you to unite in your temple work and unite in your politics. You should unite to elect your city council and also all your state officials. You must put aside your Democracy and Republicanism, and act as Latter Day Saints unite."

It is well said that the meaning of those words is unmistakable. The Mormon vote is to be cast as a unit, and is determined by the state church. In all things the interests of the state are to be subordinated to those of the hierarchy. And as there are about three times as many Mormon voters as there are of all others, Democratic and Republican included, there is no mistaking the outcome. The Mormon leaders will not allow the individual to form personal party affiliations, or to join in them, without subjecting himself to church discipline. Thus liberty of action is to give way to political slavery, and the vast power of the whole sect of Latter Day Saints is to be used as a single force to promote the interests of Mormonism.

Since the admission of Utah to statehood the Mormon leaders have not openly interfered in state or local politics. Members of the church have been permitted to form party associations to suit themselves, and for the time being there has been no outward assertion of clerical authority over their political conduct. Beneath the surface, however, there has been a persistent concentration of Mormon influence; every member of the church has been reminded that its interests are superior to those of the state, and warned that loyalty to the faith requires him to vote as his religious leaders command.

This order will doubtless be thoroughly enforced, for the subserviency of the Mormon citizens to clerical authority has long been an established principle in that community. It will be remembered that not long since one of the ablest and one of the most powerful of the Mormon leaders, who had announced himself a candidate for office without having obtained permission from the church, was obliged to make a public confession that he had sinned against Divine authority, and that he recognized the supreme right of the ecclesiastical powers to control his political acts. His abject submission to the political policy of the church is a token of the unquestioning obedience which the Woodruff order will command among more ignorant and less independent members.

If this program is carried out, as it doubtless will be to the letter, the country will afford the spectacle of a union between the church and the state, notwithstanding the prohibition contained in the United States constitution. And it is exceedingly difficult to see by what process this can be prevented. All the forms of the law are complied with, even in so gross a case of denial of religious and political liberty. Beyond that it may be impossible to proceed.

THE SILVER QUESTION.

The recent excitement growing out of a proposition from the governor of the Bank of England, that under certain conditions that institution might hold a portion of its reserve in silver, has largely abated. For a time it gave the free silver politicians of this country hope that the tide was turning in that direction, and that our silver mines might profit accordingly. But as the conditions themselves were impracticable and impossible of fulfilment, the London Times thinks nothing more will be heard of the matter. The suggestion was merely a "straw," and it was only drowning men that sought to grasp it.

In looking over the status of the silver question at the present time it is readily to be seen that there is little hope of the accomplishment of the purposes involved in the bi-metallic crusade. Public interest concerning this question in this country is certainly diminishing, as it has nothing to feed on elsewhere. India and Japan refuse to restore silver coinage. Mexico does the same, and the South American republics are moving in a similar direction, so that the influences of the whole world are hostile to the general movement. Say what we will, the free silver plank in American politics is rotten to the centre. It will no longer do as a plank in a platform for even the smallest political party in the land.

THE NEGRO QUESTION.

The Boston Transcript pays a high compliment to one of our townsmen when it says: "It was a far-seeing courtesy on the part of the Historic-Genealogical Society to invite Mr. George T. Downing of Newport to come to Boston to read his Rhode Island Historical Society paper entitled 'The Negro Problem Fully Discussed.' No more forcible view has been brought forward, nor clearer light thrown upon the problem in its present state, than that offered by this famous friend of Sumner, whose life-long aim and effort have been to free and to beget increased respect for his outraged class in American society. We understand that this accomplished colored gentleman, whose chairmanship at the Faneuil Hall meeting at the time of the Shaw statue dedication will be remembered, is desirous of presenting his study elsewhere to be of service in elevating his class. A good point in such elevation would be in improving public opinion of those colored people who, like himself, are living examples of capability and power. Mr. Downing's paper would be a fruitful subject for discussion in the Twentieth Century Club or a like important organization."

The Baltimore News touches a tender spot when it says: "South American republics are as unstable as water, and there is much reason to fear that Cuba will add one more shaky government to the list. Of course, there will be a great fight made to annex the island to the United States. That has been the end and aim of most of the Jingo Senators. 'Cuba libre!' has been merely a blind, as far as they are concerned. What they really want to see is Cuba as an American territory, and later an American state. That is a proposition which will have to be fought out a little later. In the meantime, let us hope—though it does seem hopeless—that Spain and Cuba will manage in some way to settle their differences, and that the Cubans will get the reforms in their government which they are justly entitled to."

The Springfield Republican makes a point in saying: "Those who are constantly referring to the success of the municipal ownership in European cities seem to forget that the conditions prevailing in most foreign municipalities differ widely from those prevailing in American cities. The successfully managed places, like Glasgow, Birmingham, Hamburg and Berlin, have learned through long experience that the only way to run a municipality properly is on strict business principles. The people of the United States are rapidly learning the same lesson, and municipal progress is making great strides every year." When the principle of non-partisan government is once established and acted upon the time may have come to consider this other question, and not until then.

Munkacsy, the Hungarian artist, who is in a private asylum at Bonn, has entirely lost his memory, and he does not even know that he ever painted a picture. And there is no hope of his recovery.

It is a pity that the Democrats carried the election in Indianapolis yesterday, and it would have been equally pitiful if the Republicans had done so. Indianapolis is a beautiful city and capable of great things, and is fairly entitled to a business administration of its affairs, instead of being compelled to wallow in the pool of politics. No government of a city is at its best when under partisan control.

The American Sugar Refineries Company has just paid into the custom house a check for $185,383.30 upon an entry of sugar amounting to 11,000,000 pounds. The check is the largest in amount ever received in the custom house in settlement of a single entry. Larger checks, however, have been received upon a number of entries.

The city of Brockton is still hindered in the march toward the goal of prosperity by the disagreement between the workingmen and their employers. The pending strike is over too small issues for longer continuance. The time has come when the contending parties should get together and live in peace.

The opposition keeps up the custom of stoning the candidates during political campaigns in Wales. Not many years ago this was often done in various parts of England, Ireland and Scotland; but we have heard little of it of late, and supposed that method of electioneering had been abandoned.

The Ohio chapters of the National Society of the Sons of the American Revolution and the General Society of the Sons of the Revolution have adopted a plan of union of the two organizations, the name agreed upon for the united body to be the Society of the American Revolution.

Ohio, so far as her finances are involved, is fortunate. During the last two years the state has paid off $300,000 of the public indebtedness, and now has $1,105,583 in the treasury, with no outstanding liabilities unpaid.

A candidate for naturalization papers was refused by a New York court the other day because when asked about the constitution he said it was Tom Platt. He was evidently up to the times, according to a certain school of politicians.

Judge Gaynor declares that four inches of space in a newspaper is more effective than a public meeting in promoting any good cause or overthrowing any bad one. And Judge Gaynor undoubtedly knows what he is talking about.

We doubt if there has ever been so many of our summer residents in their Newport cottages at this season of the year as there are now. Verily they have their reward.

Summer has come again, but evidently not to stay.

THE ORIGIN OF PLAYING CARDS.

They were sitting around the table, waiting for the rest of the party to arrive, when a new man in the game picked up the cards and began to spread them before him on the cloth.

"Of course," he said, in a half soliloquy, "you all know that cards were invented in 1390 to divert the mind of Charles IV of France, who was dreadfully in the dumps with a torpid liver or something of the kind, but possibly you don't know about the figures of the four suits. Well, the inventor proposed by them to represent the four states or classes of men of France. By the Coeurs (hearts) are meant the Gens de Choeur, choir men or ecclesiastics; the nobility or military part are represented by the points of lances or pikes, which we, in our ignorance of the meaning or resemblance of the figure, call spades. The Spaniards have espadas (swords) instead of pikes, which means the same thing. The diamonds (carreaux, square stone tiles or the like) designate the order of citizens, merchants and tradesmen. The Spaniards have a coin, dineros, which answers to it, and the Dutch call the French word carreaux, steenen, stones and diamonds, from the form. Trefle, the trefoil leaf or clover, corruptly called clubs, alludes to farmers and country folks generally. It is not known how this figure came to be called clubs, unless the name was borrowed from the Spanish game, which has staves or clubs instead of the trefoil.

"The history of the four kings is that of David, Alexander, Caesar and Charles, names which were and still are on French cards. These names are those of the great monarchies of the Jews, Greeks, Romans and Franks under Charlemagne. By the queens are intended Argine, Esther, Judith and Pallas, typical of birth, piety, fortitude and wisdom, the qualifications residing in each, and, I may add, most of those necessary in a good poker player. I may also explain that Argine is an anagram for regina, meaning queen by nature. By the knaves were meant the servants to knights, the old definition of knave being servant. There are some, however, who think that the knights themselves were intended by these cards, because Hogier and Lahire, two names on French cards, were famous knights at the time cards were invented.

"Now," continued the new player, warming to his subject, "if you will take the history of cards from the time of—" but he was never allowed to finish, for the other member of the party came in then, and who ever heard of a lot of poker players delaying the game for anything, historical or otherwise?

Nerves

Are the Messengers of Sense.—the Telegraph System of the human body.

Nerves extend from the brain to every part of the body and reach every organ.

Nerves are like fire—good servants but hard masters.

Nerves are fed by the blood and are therefore like it in character.

Nerves will be weak and exhausted if the blood is thin, pale and impure.

Nerves will surely be strong and steady if the blood is rich, red and vigorous.

Nerves find a true friend in Hood's Sarsaparilla because it makes rich, red blood.

Nerves do their work naturally and well,—the brain is unclouded, there are no neuralgic pains, appetite and digestion are good, when you take

Hood's Sarsaparilla

The One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. $1. Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Pills the best family cathartic and liver stimulant. 25c

At a Reduced Price!

Until October 15, handsome **Country Residence** (fine house, stable, trees, etc.) containing about 20 acres of land or somewhat less, will be offered at a PRICE SO REASONABLE that a sale should result; unless sold, it will be withdrawn and occupied by the owner.

Particulars on application to the undersigned. The property, being extremely desirable, should interest everyone in search of a place of the kind.

R. C. DERBY, 138 Bellevue Avenue.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

WANTED—Situation as chambermaid and waitress; good references. Apply 13 Harrington street.

WANTED—Situation as cook or laundress, or would do cooking and washing in small family. 15 Burnside avenue.

WANTED—Situation by Scotch Protestant woman for general housework; good cook and laundress; good references. Also girl for light housework; good references. Apply Box 61, Daily News Office.

WANTED—Dressmaker will go out by the day or take work home. First-class references, New York and Newport. Box 32, Daily News Office.

WANTED—Situation by respectable woman to take washing or go out by day. First-class references. Address Box 62, Daily News Office.

WANTED—Situation by a gardener, English, married, no children, age 42. Thoroughly competent to take charge of gentleman's gardens or whole estate, most proficient in all matters pertaining thereto; over 20 years experience in England, 2 years in United States. Disengaged Oct. 25th. J. D., Box 18, Eldred, Sullivan Co., New York.

WANTED—Situation as waitress, or chambermaid and waitress; good references. Address Box 63, Daily News Office.

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—Girl for general housework in family of two. Apply 11 Mary street.

WANTED—Girl for general housework; must do plain cooking well. 21 High street.

WANTED—Kitchen maid, Scandinavian preferred, 21 to 25 years of age, to work under chef in New York and Newport. Wages $16. Address Box 8, Daily News Office.

WANTED—Competent girl as chambermaid and waitress; must bring good references with her. Box 55, Daily News Office.

WANTED—Very competent cook, Swedish or French. Apply at Mrs. Johnson's, foot of Bellevue court.

GENERAL WANTS.

WANTED—Some one to take care of a horse during the winter, for his use. Address Box 58, Daily News Office.

DRESSMAKER will go out by day or take work home. New York references. Box 7, Daily News Office.

WANTED—High grade bicycle in exchange for fine dressmaking. B. K., Box 16, Daily News Office.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—Square, white basket on road leading to War College, also a russet leather halter. Finder will be rewarded upon returning to G. H. Norman's stables, Old Beach road.

LOST—Pocket book, dark box of green enamel, ornamented with rosebuds; if returned to the Cosmopolitan Library, 122 Bellevue avenue, a suitable reward will be given and no questions asked.

LOST—Sunday night, lady's gold watch and chain. Finder will be rewarded on leaving it at Dr. French's, Halidon Hill.

TENEMENTS, ROOMS AND BOARD.

TO LET—Steam heated furnished rooms, with or without board. Apply at 277 Thames street.

ROOMS TO RENT for light housekeeping, or furnished flat of six rooms. Address Box G., Daily News Office.

TO LET—Tenement of five rooms; gas and city water. Apply at 501 Spring street. Rent $11 per month.

TO LET—Furnished rooms with board, steam heat, gas and bath; terms from $5. 232 Spring street, corner of John.

TO RENT—Bowling Alley, 25 Long wharf; possession immediately. Inquire at 23 Long wharf for terms, etc.

TO LET—Flat of eight rooms, first floor, 22 Brinley street; gas and city water. Apply to Philip Bailer, 81 Pelham street.

TO LET—To small family, upper tenement of six rooms, on Clinton avenue, near Broadway. Apply to William S. Brownell, Daily News Office.

TO LET—Two nice, pleasant rooms, first floor, near postoffice, furnished. Would make nice living rooms for two gentlemen who room together or will be rented for offices. Address box 35, Daily News Office.

TO LET—Lower tenement at 248 Broadway; modern improvements and steam heat. Apply on the premises.

WANTED—Rooms for offices; furnished preferred. Dr. J. P. Curley, Coggeshall avenue.

FURNISHED ROOMS—With modern conveniences, with or without board, at Adams House, 106 Thames street.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET—With or without board, at 22 Prospect Hill street. Mrs. C. Anderson.

MILLINERY.

Fall Opening!
—OF—
FRENCH and DOMESTIC PATTERNS,
Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday,
October 12, 13 and 14.
F. N. DAWLEY, 111 Thames Street.

Autumn Exhibit!
PATTERN HATS and BONNETS,
Wednesday, Thursday and Friday,
October 6, 7 & 8.
M. E. Tobin, 48 Washington Sq.
OPPOSITE STATE HOUSE.

A CARD.
Miss N. L. Mason (formerly trimmer for A. A. Watson),
Will Open Millinery Parlors at the Old Stand, 34 Clarke Street,
On and after September 20, with a full line of the latest styles in millinery. N. L. MASON.

NOTICES.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given to the members of the Corporation of the Six Principles Baptist Society of Newport, R. I., that a special meeting of said corporation will be held in the vestry room of the church on North Baptist street in said city of Newport on TUESDAY, OCT. 19, AT HALF PAST SEVEN O'CLOCK P. M., to consider and decide whether said corporation will hire a sum of money, [illegible] and what sum if any, and mortgage its real estate to secure the hire [illegible] said question shall be decided affirmatively, then to authorize the Treasurer to hire the money and make and deliver such note and mortgage of the premises as the Corporation at said meeting may prescribe; and also to transact all other business that may legally come before said meeting.

JOHN CONGDON, Moderator.
GEO. E. SMITH, Clerk of the Corporation.

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that Joseph J. Jeske, doing business as the Globe Clothing Company, has this day made a general assignment to me of all his property for the equal benefit of those of his creditors who shall present their claims to me within six months of this date. All persons having claims against the said Jeske are requested to present them within such time and all persons indebted to said Jeske are notified to pay them at once to

CHARLES POTOSHINSKY,
Cor. Charles and Orange Streets, Providence, R. I.
Newport, R. I., October 12th, 1897.

THE WEATHER.

FOR BOSTON AND VICINITY.

BOSTON, Oct. 13, 8 A. M. Fair tonight and Thursday; cooler tonight; variable winds.

WEATHER CONDITIONS.

Precipitation was general yesterday in eastern sections, but the foul weather has now passed far to the eastward, leaving clear skies in its wake. Generally fair weather prevails today, except that a brisk snowstorm is in progress in the British territories west of Manitoba. Here and there in the United States are found clouds, but for the most part the skies are cloudless. The high barometer is central near Erie, Penn.; pressure 30.49. A "low" area overspreads the western states; lowest pressure 29.54, at Bismarck. Another "low" area is centering in the far Northwest. There has been no rain in the drought regions within the past twenty-four hours. The temperatures are from ten to thirty degrees higher in comparison with the figures of twenty-four hours ago. There is very little freezing weather. The temperature has risen most decidedly in the Dakotas, and slightly in Iowa, Minnesota and Wisconsin. Prince Albert, Northwest Territory, with a temperature of 20, and Key West, Fla., with 82, represent the extremes in the thermal conditions.

J. W. SMITH,
Local Forecast Official.

MINIATURE CALENDAR.

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 13.

Sun rises	5 h 56 m
Sun sets	17 h 05 m
Moon rises	18 h 11 m
Length of day	11 h 09 m
Day's decrease	1 h 08 m
High water	8 h 52 m; 21 h 14 m

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 14.

Sun rises	5 h 57 m
Sun sets	17 h 03 m
Moon rises	18 h 51 m
Length of day	11 h 06 m
Day's decrease	1 h 11 m
High water	9 h 31 m; 21 h 55 m

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 15.

Sun rises	5 h 58 m
Sun sets	17 h 02 m
Moon rises	19 h 40 m
Length of day	11 h 04 m
Day's decrease	1 h 13 m
High water	10 h 12 m; 22 h 29 m

Moon's Phases.
Last Quarter, October 18, 10 h 09 m, W.
New Moon, October 25, 18 h 23 m, W.
First Quarter, November 1, 9 h 37 m, E.
Full Moon, November 9, 4 h 50 m, W.

NEW TODAY.

Wanted—Girl; 4th page.
Lost—Basket; 4th page.
Wanted—Kitchen Maid; 4th page.
Perry Bros.—Our Own; 8th page.
Box Calf—Warm as Wool; 6th page.
Samways—White Ash Coal; 7th page.
Wanted—To Take Washing; 4th page.
Industrial Trust Co.—Account; 6th page.
Wanted—Situation as Chambermaid; 4th page.
Jamestown Ferry—Gunboat Newport; 7th page.
Hermer's Furniture—The Best in Quality; 2d page.
Whitfield Tack Co.—Jackets and Capes; 3d page.
Peckham, Warner & Strong—House Lots; 3d page.
Second Baptist Church—Entertainment; 5th page.
H. J. Hass—Ferns, Palms, etc., for Sale; 5th page.
G. H. Carr—Aaron in the Wildwoods; 8th page.
N. O. P. C. Co.—Dr. Jaeger's Underwear; 1st pg.
C. E. Hammett, Jr.—Capt. Courageous; 6th pg.
Wanted—Situation as Cook or Laundress; 4th pg.
Wanted—Girl for General Housework; 4th page.
To Rent—Rooms for Light Housekeeping; 4th pg.

Changes of advertisements should be sent in the night before or early on the day of issue to insure insertion.

A Fall Bargain!

For $1,000, a cottage of five rooms, near Bath road; rents for 10 per cent. One half purchase money may remain on mortgage.

HERBERT L. DYER,
Corner Bellevue Avenue and Bath Road.

Gurney Heaters?
Estimates furnished and work promptly executed. Alterations and repairs. Gas fitting and electrical work.
PHILIP F. CONROY,
Telephone. 181 Thames Street.

Place your fire insurance
IN THE
LIVERPOOL & LONDON & GLOBE INSURANCE CO.
POLICIES WRITTEN FROM ONE TO ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS.

FOR SALE.
The studio of Welsh & Co. on Bath road with cottage in rear. Lot 50 feet front and 125 feet deep. Can be purchased on easy terms. Particulars on request.

HENRY BULL, JR.,
197 THAMES STREET.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—For $8,000, a property in the best residential part of the city, with nearly 10,000 feet of land, lawn, fruit and shade trees; cottage house, with furnace, electric lighting, hot and cold water and bathroom. Room on the lot for another cottage, with desirable frontage. Address Box 38, Daily News Office.

FOR SALE—$40 buys a 22-inch Humber Bicycle; ridden 800 miles. Apply at 9 Kilburn court.

Board for Horses.

Good care, regular exercise and excellent accommodation guaranteed. For particulars apply at Bateman's.

Mr. Augustus Hazard Swan,
Pupil of Signor Rotoli and Monsieur Wallard. Baritone Soloist and Musical Director United Congregational Church.
INSTRUCTION IN VOCAL CULTURE.
Italian Method.
RESIDENCE 14 CENTRAL COURT.

Mr. Irving P. Irons,
TEACHER of SINGING.
Arrangements for lessons may be made on Mondays at STUDIO, 82 MILL STREET.

FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK, Oct. 13, Wall Street—The stock market opened strong, with Atchison at 14, Sugar at 142⅝, General Electric at 38¼, Chicago Gas at 88½, Burlington at 93¼, Rock Island at 80¼, St. Paul at 92¾, Louisville & Nashville at 56¾, Western Union at 88⅝, Southern preferred at 31½, Manhattan at 101, Missouri Pacific at 29¾, and New Jersey Central at 93.

10—Some sharp recoveries were shown at the opening of the stock market, especially in the Grangers and a number of the Industrials. Missouri Pacific showed a gain of 1½ and Brooklyn Rapid Transit of a point. Chicago Gas and General Electric were up ⅝, while some of the specialties and the Southern railroads showed declines. Trading was very animated.

Noon—Money on call, nominally at 2½ @ 3 per cent; prime mercantile paper, 4½ @ 5 per cent; sterling exchange, steady, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.85½ for demand; posted rates, $4.82½ @ 3½, and $4.85½; commercial bills, $4.81; silver certificates, 60⅛; bar silver, 57; Mexican dollars, 43¾; government bonds, firm; state bonds, quiet; railroad bonds, weak; 4s reg., 126⅞; 4s coup., 127. The decline carried prices below last night's level, declines in the Southwesterns reaching 2 points, in Sugar 3 points and in the grangers and Southern railroads 1½. A general rallying on covering occurred, Sugar rising 2½, Chicago Gas 2, National Lead 1⅝ and the general list an average of a point. An easier tone developed at the advance, and Sugar lost the gain. Bonds were active and quite weak. Sales to noon, 367,600 shares.

11—The covering of short contracts put out yesterday was quite lively for a time, and carried prices up rapidly, gains being most marked where losses were sharpest yesterday. Chicago Gas rose 2½. The bears then returned to the attack on the market and drove Sugar down 4 points and Chicago Gas 2. The demoralization soon extended to the general list, and losses of a point or more became general, the Grangers, Southwestern, Western Union, General Electric and Delaware & Hudson being prominent.

NEW YORK, Oct. 13.

	Noon.
Atchison	13⅝
Canada Southern	54¼
Iowa Central	8
Chicago & Alton	153
Chicago, Burlington & Quincy	93¼
C., C., C. & St. Louis	35¾
Delaware & Hudson	112⅞
Delaware, Lackawanna & Western	154
Erie	16
Erie preferred	38½
Illinois Central	102
Lake Shore	171
Louisville & Nashville	56¼
Michigan Central	102¼
Missouri Pacific	28⅝
New Jersey Central	91
New York Central	106⅝
North American Co.	6⅛
Northern Pacific	18⅞
Northern Pacific preferred	51⅞
Northwestern	123¾
Northwestern preferred	162
Ontario & Western	16⅞
Oregon Navigation	31
Reading	24¼
Rock Island	88⅝
St. Paul	93⅜
St. Paul preferred	140
St. Paul, M. & Man.	122
Southern Railway	10⅜
Southern Railway preferred	30⅝
Texas Pacific	13⅞
Union Pacific	21
Wabash	7⅜
Wabash preferred	18⅝
Wheeling & Lake Erie	2¼
Wheeling & Lake Erie preferred	11⅛
Cotton Oil Certificates	22
General Electric	37⅜
Lead Trust	37½
Pacific Mail	32⅞
Sugar Refining	138⅞
Leather	7⅜
Leather preferred	63⅜
U. S. Rubber	16⅞
U. S. Rubber preferred	61⅞
Western Union	88

A. O'D. TAYLOR,
REAL ESTATE AGENCY,
124 Bellevue Avenue, Newport, R. I.

SMALL COTTAGES TO LET.
1 on Powel avenue, monthly $17.
1 near Equality Park, $15.
1 on Evart street, $12.
1 on Houston avenue, $8.
SUPERIOR TENEMENTS.
1 on Howard street, $10.
1 on Mill street, $15.
1 on Narragansett avenue, $15.
1 on Ferry street, $10.

FOR SALE—Cottage House of 5 rooms, in excellent condition—$2,500. Will lend $1,500 on it.
OFFICE HOURS, 9 Morning till 6 Evening.

DIED.

LOGAN—In this city, 12th inst., James Logan, aged 79 years.
Funeral services at his late residence, 30 Extension street, Thursday afternoon, at 2:30 o'clock. Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend.

CRANSTON—Entered into rest, in this city, 12th inst., Harriet S., sister of Mr. William S. Cranston, and daughter of the late William S. and Elizabeth Cranston.
Funeral services at her late residence, 315 Spring street, Friday afternoon, 15th inst., at 2 o'clock. Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend.

BLIGHT—On Tuesday, Oct. 12th, Nina Greenough, wife of Atherton Blight.
Funeral services at Trinity Church, at 11:30 o'clock, Friday morning.

SULLIVAN—In this city, Oct. 11, Mary Sullivan, aged 23 years.
Funeral from the residence of her uncle, Timothy Houlihan, 63 West Broadway, Thursday, Oct. 14, at 8:30 A. M., to St. Joseph's Church at 9. By train to St. Columba's Cemetery at 11.

SMITH—In Providence, 12th inst., James R. Smith, aged 66 years.

MAGNESON—In Hillsgrove, 11th inst., Andrew Peter Magneson, aged 51 years.

MOORE—In Bristol, 8th inst., at Soldiers' Home, William E. Moore, aged 71 years, 5 months and 28 days.

ROBERT C. COTTRELL, Undertaker and Embalmer, 322 & 324 Thames street. Residence, 104 Mill street. Telephone at office and residence.

FOR COLD WEATHER.

Our leading shoe dealers say that "Box Calf" shoes proved last winter to be the best shoes that they handled for fall and winter wear.

They shed water, kept the feet warm, and were so soft and flexible that they delighted the thousands of ladies and gentlemen who wore them.

TOUR TO WASHINGTON AND OLD POINT.

The Royal Blue Line will inaugurate another season of its popular excursions by a personally conducted eight-day tour to Washington and Old Point Comfort, leaving Boston Tuesday, October 19th. $53 covers every expense. Privilege of stop-over in New York. For itinerary of this and later tours, call on or address A. J. Simmons, N. E. A., 211 Washington street, Boston.

After serious illness Hood's Sarsaparilla has wonderful building up power. It purifies the blood and restores perfect health.

FOR SALE.
The Jones Estate on Warner and Channing Streets.

THIS IS AN EXCELLENT PROPERTY RUNNING FROM WARNER TO CHANNING STREET, WITH A HANDSOME FRONTAGE ON THE LAST NAMED AVENUE AND WOULD CUT UP TO SPLENDID ADVANTAGE. FULL PARTICULARS AT MY OFFICE, WHERE PLAT MAY BE SEEN. CONNECTED BY TELEPHONE.

SIMEON HAZARD,
Real Estate Rooms, 94 Broadway

A BARGAIN.

A Chickering Upright Piano

all in good order for $200 on easy instalments or $175 cash.

John Vars, 126 Thames Street

BACK AT HIS HOME.

Arrival of the Body of Editor O'Sullivan at Lawrence.

LAWRENCE, Mass., Oct. 13.—The body of Jeremiah T. O'Sullivan, the well known politician, who died at Asheville, N. C., Monday, reached this city today. A large crowd was waiting at the station of the Boston & Maine railroad upon the arrival of the train, and as it came to a standstill there was a united rush towards the car. The body, however, was not removed at the north station, and as the train started scores of men jumped on the platforms and came to the south station, where another crowd had gathered. At this point the body was taken from the car and conveyed through the throng to the home of the family. Arrangements for the funeral have not been completed.

Annual Meeting of the Boston & Maine.

LAWRENCE, Mass., Oct. 13.—The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Boston & Maine railroad was held in the city hall here at 10:30 today. There was a fair attendance, but no special interest was manifested in the meeting, and the session lasted only one hour.

FOR SCHOOL DECORATION.

The following additional subscriptions to the fund for decorating the Newport schools have been received:

Mr. Atherton Blight,	$ 5.00
Dr. C. A. Brackett,	3.00
Previously acknowledged,	832.00
	$840.00

E. WHARTON,
Secretary.

JAMESTOWN.

[Regular correspondence of the News.]

Schooner Annie V. Bergen completed discharging coal for the ferry company today, and sailed for New York.

Mr. H. Audley Clarke and family will close their cottage here October 29 and return to their home in Brooklyn for the winter.

The Jamestown Light and Water Company is putting in additional filters at the north reservoir.

THE HACKMEISTER LARCENY.

The trunks of Mrs. Hackmeister, arrested for larceny, will be brought here tomorrow from New York, and while here her former employers will be given an opportunity to inspect them. They contain many valuable articles, not usually owned by persons of moderate means, including a gold snuff box, said to be valued at $400. Colonel G. R. Fearing thinks from the description that the snuff box belongs to him. The woman was not only employed in Mr. Fearing's family but also in that of Mr. J. N. A. Griswold. It is possible that she will be further punished, much depending upon the action of expected claimants for some of the contents of the trunks.

TODAY'S STILL ALARM.

A still alarm was rung in at 10:40 o'clock this morning, for a small fire at the residence of Isbon Congdon on Almy court, off Bliss road. When the emergency company reached the scene they found that one bedroom with its contents was practically destroyed, and a very little delay would undoubtedly have allowed the fire to spread into the other parts of the house. The chemical soon stopped the blaze. The woodwork and the furniture in the bedroom were practically destroyed. The loss will be perhaps from $50 to $75. The fire is supposed to have started in a wash stand.

GRANITE CITY SOAP.

The owners of stock in the Granite City Soap Company, who have recently received their annual notice that the company is in existence, will be glad to hear that it is rumored that the company is so prospering that a dividend day may be looked for soon. The stockholders have waited very patiently for this announcement; but as the original price of the stock was very small, and the assessments have been nothing, none have been financially embarrassed by the delay.

NAVAL NOTES.

The orders of Assistant Surgeon J. C. Pryor to the Adams have been revoked.

Assistant Surgeon W. H. Grove has been detached from the naval laboratory, New York, and ordered to Mare Island hospital, and Assistant Engineer A. Hartrath is detached from the Mare Island navy yard and ordered to the Marietta.

Mate R. Rohange has been detached from special duty at Mare Island and ordered to the Independence.

Sailmaker C. A. Tallman has been detached from the navy yard at Portsmouth, N. H., and placed on waiting orders.

Secretary Long is determined that the officers of the navy shall be as proficient as possible in torpedo exercise. An order has been issued by him directing line officers to thoroughly familiarize themselves, both theoretically and practically, with the service torpedoes. Another order issued by the Secretary, which will probably be gladly greeted by executive officers and their juniors, does away with the list of interrogations upon the fitness of their subordinates which the executive officers have been required to make. Secretary Long has decided to have only the commanding officer of a ship report upon the conduct of his subordinates.

It is understood that Commodore Dewey, the present head of the naval trial board, has been selected to take command of the Asiatic station, in place of Commodore McNair.

It is definitely announced that when cruiser Baltimore leaves for Hawaii, probably next week, she will carry with her orders to the Yorktown and Wheeling to go to Mare Island. The withdrawal of these two gunboats means that the administration is satisfied that the Baltimore and Bennington will be sufficient to protect American interests in the island. It also indicates that the temporary need which called the two gunboats to Honolulu has expired. Upon the return of the Wheeling she will undergo inspection. It has been determined to send the Marietta to Alaska to relieve the Concord, which has been ordered to the Asiatic station. The Marietta will be relieved in December by the Wheeling, and will then return to the Pacific coast of the United States.

Honorable mention in general orders by Rear Admiral Sicard, commanding the North Atlantic station, at the recommendation of Captain Sampson, commanding battleship Iowa, has been made of James Fancy, an able seaman, for heroism in the rescue of a man from drowning. The Iowa was coaling in Hampton Roads September 16. Fancy and others of the crew were sent over her side into a coal scow. While a bag of coal weighing five hundred pounds was being hoisted the tackling gave way. The bag struck a landsman, named E. Sanin Lucia, and knocked him overboard. He could not swim, and the blow rendered him partly unconscious. Fancy jumped overboard and saved him from drowning. It is reported that Fancy will be recommended to the Secretary of the Navy as deserving of a medal.

LOCAL BRIEFS.

—Mr. Raymond Himes, formerly of Newport but now of Boston, is at Mrs. Perkins's for a few days.

—Griffith is displaying in his window a Crescent wheel which is to be one of the gifts at the Newport Band fair.

—Gunboat Newport will be an attraction in the harbor next week. Ferryboat Conanicut will afford one of the best opportunities for seeing the warship.

—Mr. George L. Scott has gone to the White Mountains to meet his brother, Mr. Frank G. Scott, who went there about two weeks since, and who is now expected to start shortly for Colorado in hopes of building up his health.

—Only a few of the Naval Reserves returned from New Bedford last night. The others will probably remain to see the cutter race tomorrow afternoon between the crews of the Newport and New Bedford Reserves. The outdoor program in connection with New Bedford's celebration will close tomorrow.

—Orders were received at the Portsmouth navy yard today to have United States gunboat Vicksburg, the vessel which was launched at Bath, Maine, at the same time with the Newport, being a sister ship, ready to go into commission October 20. The officers and men will be ordered to report at once at the Portsmouth navy yard.

—The issue of the Florists' Exchange for October 9 contains about a score of pictures illustrating the visit of the Society of American Florists to Providence and Newport last August, among them a group of the delegates on Indian Hill, the gateway and residence of Mr. George S. Scott on Bellevue avenue, "Preparing the Clambake" at Easton's beach.

—Today is the last for filing with the secretary of state nominations for senator to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Hon. Charles H. Burdick. As yet there are no indications that the Democrats will make a nomination. No caucuses or convention have been held, and the city committee has apparently not succeeded in its efforts to secure a party candidate. From present indications Mr. Horton will be unopposed.

WHEELS AND WHEELMEN.

Many riders during the last few weeks have remarked the amount of trouble which their chains have given them. This may have been caused in part by a lack of attention on the riders' part, for during the latter part of the year they are apt to get careless with the oiling and cleaning of their wheels, and especially their chains. They are likely to forget that in cool, dry weather they ride more miles than during the hot spells, and, consequently, their chains require more attention.

Frequently riders are heard to say that such a gear pushes easier than a gear of another size. For instance, a wheelman of considerable experience said to a friend that a 71 pushed harder than a 78. Now, this is contrary to a mechanical law; that speed and power have a fixed ratio. In other words, the lower the gear the easier it pushes.

Another belief is that the following gears run the easiest, namely, a 66, a 77 or an 88. Any gear between these numbers "pushes hard." The reason given for this is that there is a certain talismanic effect that the double numbers have which makes these gears run light.

About this time of the season the average rider finds his chain adjustment at the last turn. He cannot take up the slack any more, and he lets it go that way for a short time, thinking he will have it attended to soon. Such a rider met with an accident on the road to Chepachet recently. His chain was loose, and in going down one of the hills it rode and slipped off the sprocket, with the result that the rider took a coast, minus a chain, down a very steep hill. There was a sharp turn at the bottom, and as the speed the wheelman was going he could not turn. In fact, he didn't. He ran into a stone wall. The moral of this accident is to have a link taken out of your chain when it gets so slack that you cannot adjust it. There is nothing so dangerous as a loose chain, for it may ride and place the rider of the brakeless wheel in a very awkward predicament.

For the particularly steep grades met in the mountains, where the decline is a long one, the use of a drag such as a bough of a tree is said to be preferable to a brake, and not so hard on the tires.

The Crescent was the original $75 high-grade wheel, and while most of the other high grades took a drop this fall to that price the novelty of the chainless wheel promises to place that idea at a figure next year that will be stiffer even than $100.

—Ex. A. W. Bulletin.

AMELIE RIVES A MENTAL WRECK.

John Armstrong Chanler, greatgrandson of John Jacob Astor, and formerly the husband of Amelie Rives, the author, was taken to Bloomingdale Asylum six months ago.

Amelie Rives, whose divorce from Mr. Chanler was obtained in as mysterious a manner as was his commitment to Bloomingdale, and who, February 18, 1896, was married to Prince Troubetskoy, became a mental wreck last June, and was taken to a sanitarium in Philadelphia. Later it was announced that she had recovered her health.

Mr. Chanler married the gifted authoress soon after her book, "The Quick or the Dead?" made a sensation in the literary world. No two persons in all the country were more talked about than this couple when they went abroad for the honeymoon. Now both are under treatment for mental disorders.

Mr. Chanler occupies a suite of rooms in the Macy villa, attached to Bloomingdale. When he first went there he was lively at times, and loved to take long drives. Of late Mr. Chanler's malady has taken a different form. He is quiet and morose. An extraordinary development is his desire to sleep in the daytime and prowl around the asylum grounds at night. His seems like a hopeless case of paresis.

The case of Prince Troubetskoy seemed equally hopeless. When her titled husband and her father, Colonel Alfred Landon Rives, took her to Philadelphia they said she was suffering from nervous prostration, brought on by over-work in the production of a book which was almost finished. They said, too, that her malady doubtless had its origin in the fierce criticisms passed upon "The Quick or the Dead?" and the harsh references to the author from press and pulpit.

She is thirty-four years old. Mr. Chanler is thirty-seven. Both look much older than they are.

Mr. Chanler is the eldest of a family of eight children. From property handed down to him from the great Astor, he has an income of more than $50,000 a year. Few New Yorkers belong to so many clubs.

TENNYSON AND HALLAM.

Death of His Friend the Determining Factor in the Poet's Life.

The determining event in the life of Alfred Lord Tennyson was the death of Arthur Hallam. Unconsciously to himself, this came as the all-shaping influence of his life, the predestination of his art. The two young men met at Cambridge and were closest friends during their college days. Hallam visited his friend at his home, the rectory of Somersby, and there met and loved the sister, Emilia Tennyson, and soon after wrote to a classmate: "I am here, not only as the friend of Alfred, but as the lover of his sister." He taught her Italian, and read to her from Dante, Tasso, Petrarch and Aristo. In August of 1833 he went abroad for his health. His parting gift to his betrothed were copies of the "Pensees de Pascal" and "Silvio Pellico." On the following sixth of September he had written to her from Vienna a letter full of enthusiasm over the picture galleries. On the fifteenth he was found dead lying on a sofa, and at first thought to be asleep. He had broken a blood vessel, and passed instantly and painlessly away from earth. (His betrothed wife—a girl of twenty-two, who felt that she could not live another day, lived on, by some strange destiny, to the age of seventy-eight, dying in 1889.) Alfred Tennyson was then twenty-four years of age. He had already achieved some little recognition as a poet, and was steadfast in his devotion to ideal aims. To this mental state in that most impressible period of his youth came suddenly this great grief that was also the great spiritual uplifting. Except for this, it is more than probable that Tennyson would never have achieved that supreme power that made him the spiritual seer in poetic art. But to the youth of exquisite powers, plastic in receptivity, famed for all high and noble accomplishments, came this swift, sudden uplifting of the spiritual plane in the guise of the deepest desolation and grief. It would have seemed to have extinguished forever his poetic fire; instead, it was to make of the fitful flame an enduring altar fire.

A chapter in literary history here becomes a chapter in spiritual history. In the latter-day illumination of psychic science we read into it new meaning. Here were two persons, each unusually gifted, each with a rare and exquisitely-tuned nature; each formed only for high destinies, and each possessing for the other a secret, mysterious, all-potent attraction over which neither time nor change, nor death itself, could hold power. The love between them was of that celestial type as of beings born under one star, and sharers of a common destiny. Such friendships as that of Tennyson and Hallam are the rarest ties on earth; they are not seen once in a century, hardly once in a dozen centuries. They are infinitely more exceptional than love, and they are of divine origin, and are thus the nearest and holiest tie that is ever known in life.

> "Nor less the eternal poles
> Of tendency distribute souls,
> There need no vows to bind
> Whom not each other seek, but find.
> They give or take no pledge of oath—
> Nature is the bond of both;
> No proper persuades, no flattery fawns—
> Their noble meanings are their pawns."

It was this instant spiritual recognition that welded the immortal friendship between Arthur Hallam and Alfred Tennyson, and this peculiar fineness of nature on the part of both made it possible for one to be withdrawn into the Unseen and to lift up the other, still left in the physical world, to life on the spiritual plane. This is just what occurred. Hallam left the physical world; Tennyson stayed on in it, but his real self—his "substantial" body, as the followers of the great Swedenborg well say—his psychic self was drawn upward to the plane on which his friend now lived, and for all the remainder of his earthly life he walked in companionship and communion with the Unseen. Henceforth he was an inhabitant of both worlds—as, of course, we all are to a certain extent—but Tennyson's fineness of nature permitted him the unusual and exceptional degree of spiritual receptivity. When the dearest companionship of his life was within the Unseen, its sympathetic attraction drew him into that atmosphere and thus stamped his poetic art with the high impress that has made it the supreme power of this century. This, then, was why Arthur Hallam died; that Tennyson might live in the noblest sense possible. That his dearest relations should be with unseen companionship—not only for the life and art of the poet, but for all that life and art should mean to the world; of all the uplifting, the illumination it should give. For Hallam was singularly calculated to draw the frontful, responsive nature of Tennyson with him to the higher plane. Of Hallam Mr. Gladstone wrote: "His mind was calculated by its native tendencies to work powerfully and for good in an age full of inquiry to the nature and destinies of man." And of him another said: "Never was a man's powerful intellect joined to a purer and holier heart." So here were two natures, each exalted and delicate, and in perfect mutual response, the one withdrawn into the Unseen, the other left in the Seen, and thus were the spiritual conditions prepared for a great work. Such a combination of perfectly responsive forces has never before been seen in all literary history. The result is the immortal work of Tennyson.

The appearance from the Macmillan press of the noble "Memoir" of Alfred, Lord Tennyson, written by his son, in two large volumes in dark blue, with gilt cap and lettering, and enriched with numerous portraits of the poet—including the celebrated ones by G. F. Watts, R. A., and Samuel Lawrence, and the Watts portraits of Lady Tennyson, and of his two sons, Hallam and Lionel, with fac-similes of "Break! Break! Break!" and "Sunset and Evening Bell," and other poems from the original manuscripts; with the story of his life, told with that fine interpretation which makes the only adequate biography, and with his own and his wife's letters and diaries, and hundreds of letters from their friends, letters representing the queen and several other members of the royal family, Cardinal Newman, Dr. Jowett, Carlyle, Lander, Cardinal Manning, Matthew Arnold, Thackeray, Dickens, the Brownings, George Eliot, Dr. Holmes, Emerson, Longfellow, Victor Hugo, and a host of others—the appearance of these volumes in their ten-dollar edition in the characteristically beautiful form of the Macmillan house—offers the most absorbingly interesting study of the greatest poet since Shakespeare. It is a literary event of the first magnitude when such a work as this appears. Its deepest lesson, its most convincing message, is that of the infinite sacredness and value of fidelity to an ideal. In his preface Hallam Tennyson says that his father's poem, "Merlin and the Gleam," was regarded by him as biography enough. In it he condensed his literary autobiography.

"Follow the Gleam."

that was the message. "The inward voice told him not to be faint hearted, but to follow his ideal * * * with a simple and single devotedness and a desire to ennoble the life of the world." Ever companioned by that unseen presence of his beloved friend in the ethereal world, he could well say:

> "Behold, I dream a dream of good
> And mingle all the world with thee."

—[Lillian Whiting, in Boston Budget.

PRINTING IN CLOUDS.

The amateur when he first launches into photography, and has reached that stage in which he feels confident in being able to produce a good printable negative, finds that there are many things to learn before he is able to produce a class of work that will pass off as a carefully finished picture. A landscape without clouds is, after all, but half the picture, and the lazy method of sunning down—for lazy it is—is no more or less than a good excuse for the want of a little trouble to print a cloud carefully into the picture.

The present time of the year is a good one to procure a few cloud negatives, and if one or two are taken now and again when out picture hunting a valuable stock will very soon accumulate. If taken on films you can cull it at once two negatives, from the fact of being reversible.

Some workers advocate one method of procedure and some another; but all of them attain the same effect in the end, and it would be exceedingly difficult to cry aloud any one particular method as being better than another, but one that is easy of manipulation demands some attention.

The picture being printed, and the cloud negative having been chosen for the subject, the masking of the picture while printing in the cloud is the one main point that has to be overcome. The joining of the horizon lines is very often badly done, and if by chance the picture line is slightly intricate it is here that generally a weak point exists.

Provide yourself with a dozen or so sheets of good, white, thin tracing paper, cut to the size of the plate you are working, and when you have finished printing your landscape take it out of your frame, place it upon a small board, place a piece of tracing paper over it and retire to the other side of the room. You will then be able to draw with a fine pen over the most important objects in the picture a line from one side to the other, following, of course, the details. It is a matter of time that should be given to this part of the work, for without it you cannot succeed. When you have finished this outline all that is necessary is to fill in the view half with Indian ink—artist's black or vermilion will do, if it does not irritate the eyes—the whole of the lower half of the paper, and let it get thoroughly dry, which will be but a few minutes.

The cloud negative is now inserted in the printing frame, and the print, with the mask in register, is also placed in position in the frame, and the cloud printed in to the proper depth.

If you possess a retouching desk these marks may be made at night from the negative. With a few pieces of stamp paper attach the edges from front of paper to glass side of the negative to prevent its slipping; afterward it can be detached and then blackened out.

The hard lines are softened to a nicety by printing through the tracing paper, and perhaps a little longer time is required to print.

In the event of a negative that has fortunately got clouds developed up, it very often happens, unless the picture is thin, that to print the clouds out properly the view has to be much overdone before the clouds have received enough to define them properly, unless masked in some way. The tracing paper mask comes in handy here. In printing upon paper that gives no visible image, such as carbon, platinotype, bromide, etc., it must be noted that the paper negative and mask should be placed well into one corner of the frame, and a note made of it on the back of the print, so as to provide against any chance of mistakes; for nothing is more annoying than to find, after all your pains, that you have manipulated your sky upside down upon the view when you come to develop the picture. It should be noted that a good, white tracing paper gives no grain that will harm a print for the purpose that it is used, and care should be taken that it is not crumpled. It deteriorates with age, going yellow, which makes a long printing job, but the paper is cheap enough for one to make a fresh mask when required.—["Erudite," in Photographic News.

THE COST OF A BOY.

It would be a good thing for all boys, and girls, too, to get some idea—in real figures—of what their parents do for them. P. B. Fisk gave a lecture on the cost of a boy. He computes that at the age of fifteen a good boy, receiving the advantages of a city life, will cost, counting compound interest on the sum invested, not less than five thousand dollars. At twenty-one he will not cost any more unless he goes to college, when it will cost nearly twice as much. A bad boy costs about ten thousand dollars at twenty-one, if he does not go to college. If he does it costs as much more. And when a man has put out ten or twenty thousand dollars into a boy, what has he a right to expect of him? What is fair? Is it fair for the boy to work himself to death, to run, jump, play ball, or do in such a way as would disable him or break him down? Is it fair for him to despise his father and neglect his mother? Is it fair for him to ruin himself with drink, defile himself with tobacco, or stain himself with sin? Some of us have put about all of our property into girls and boys; and if we lose them we shall be poor indeed; while if they do well we shall be repaid a hundred-fold. Boys, what do you think about the matter?

THE "GLENWOOD" RANGE

Has long been the leading and most popular range wherever sold, and has gained a reputation never before equalled by a cooking range in this city.

Range and range ware complete, only $20.

WALSH BROTHERS,
SOLE AGENTS.
222 Thames Street.

For Nice Lean

Sugar Cured Hams

At the lowest market prices,
GO TO
THE POINT MARKET,
Corner Bridge and Washington Streets.
T. GLADDING & SON.

GUARDIAN'S NOTICE.

The undersigned having been duly appointed by the Hon. Court of Probate of the City of Newport, guardian of the persons and estates of WILLIAM W. MARVEL, JR., and ALICE MARVEL, minors, of Newport, hereby gives notice to all persons having claims against said estates to present them within six months from the date hereof, and those indebted to make payment to him.

WILLIAM W. MARVEL, Guardian.
Newport, R. I., September 16th, 1897.

A RARE CHANCE.

All summer I have had displayed and for sale a large and varied collection of

MINERAL SPECIMENS

From different parts of the world. It has been a rare chance for Scientist and Amateur to add to their collection, or begin the formation of one. If you are interested and haven't seen them, don't neglect to do so at once, for I shall keep them but a short time. Beautiful specimens can be obtained for

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MUELLER, - Scientific Optician,
106 BELLEVUE AVENUE
ESTABLISHED 1865.

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that your eyes are hurting you, you should visit us. It may mean blindness if you persist in thinking that it is nothing and that it is not worth while to attend to it. It will only take a little of your time and money to have us test your eyes and fit you properly. No charge for examination.

WILSON, Optician,
88 Broadway.

Caswell, Massey & CO.,
CHEMISTS.

Pure Distilled Water,
10c. a carboy of 5 gallons.

Siphons of Vichy
Carbonic Lithia Seltzer.
$1.00 a dozen, made with our distilled water.

All Native and Foreign Waters in Stock
Physicians' Prescriptions receive the most careful attention.
Goods delivered promptly to all parts of the city.

212 Thames Street, Cor. Church.
6 Casino Building.
Hotel Thorndike. Jamestown.

Young Spring
Ducklings and Goslings
—AT—
ROONEY'S MARKET,
41 THAMES STREET

A. Livingston Mason,
(Trustee estate of Isaac Hartshorn.)
Care and Management of Estates
20 years' experience as Trustee and Agent. Monthly or quarterly returns.
OFFICES: Banigan Building, Providence, and at residence, Halidon Hill, Newport. Telephone.

TEAZLE CLOTH

is an excellent material to make up into dresses skirts, etc. So table for this season of the year. We have it in the latest patterns at

10c. per yard.

DAISY CLOTH,
in different shades, at
12c. per yard.

Rob-Roy Plaids
are "all the go" this season. We have them in pretty colorings at
12½c per yard.

FLANNELETTE,
a superior grade 20 yards for $1.

Outing Flannels,
the heavy grade, usually sold at 10c per yard, we sell at 7c. per yard.

45 CUTS
Unbleached Sheeting,
yard wide, regular price 7c per yard, for this week 20 yards for $1.

Levy's
78 BROADWAY

ENTERTAINMENTS, LECTURES, ETC.

The Second Baptist Church
will give an entertainment, at the house of Mr. John R. Caswell, 21 Bell street, THURSDAY EVENING, at 8 O'CLOCK, consisting of
Singing, Music and the Sale of Candies and Useful Articles.
The proceeds are for the purchase of heating apparatus. Tickets 10 cts.

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THE GRAMOPHONE
RENDERS
Songs, Speeches, Solos, etc.,
with wonderful accuracy. Price only $10, including two records. Extra records, 60c. each or $ a doz. Call and see it.
The Pocket Kodak, Falcon, Bull's Eye and Quad Cameras, prices from $5 up
A full line of PHOTOGRAPHIC SUPPLIES.
GEO. H. CHASE, Over 201 Thames St
(Up one flight.)

Photographs of the Highest Class
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THE MOWREY STUDIO,
Corner Thames and Marlboro Streets
OUR PLATINUM EFFECTS ARE UNEXCELLED
Open Saturday evenings from 7 to 8:30 for the delivery of work.

Tennis Tournament Photos
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30-FOOTERS, FETE DAY PARADE, Etc.
Photographic Work of Any Description, Portrait or Landscape.
REMBRANDT STUDIO,
OVER HAMMETT'S BOOKSTORE
209 THAMES STREET.
Connected by telephone.

CHARLES B. MARSH, Real Estate Agent, 168 Broadway. For Sale—Attractive estate in the "Winter Colony," east of Kay street; two tenement property in Broadway district; farm in So. Portsmouth, 121 acres, East road, convenient to postoffice and church.

PARLOR GOLF,

The New Indoor Game.

This game is unquestionably the most popular, the most ingenious and the most fascinating which has ever been devised for indoor use. It is, in miniature, a game of field golf, played with a ball and a complete set of clubs; making demands upon the player for all the patience, accuracy and skill which field golf requires, and rewarding him with all the keen satisfaction and intense interest which the game on the links inspires.

A. C. LANDERS,
167 Thames Street,
Headq'ters for Outdoor and Indoor Games

Music Hall
248 & 250 THAMES STREET.

Dancing and Banquet Halls.

Ample Ante-Rooms with all modern conveniences.

For terms and particulars apply to D. W. Sheehan, Wholesale Wines, Liquors, 13 to 20 Kinsley's wharf.

OUR Specialties!

Heavy and Light Cream,
Fancy Creamery Butter,
Coggeshall Farm Eggs.

LANDERS & PECKHAM,
87 THAMES STREET

CONFECTIONERY.

ESTABLISHED 1866.

If you want something nice for evening or theatre party, you should get some of our BON BONS and CANDY. All warranted fresh and to be of the highest quality. All connoisseurs appreciate the excellence

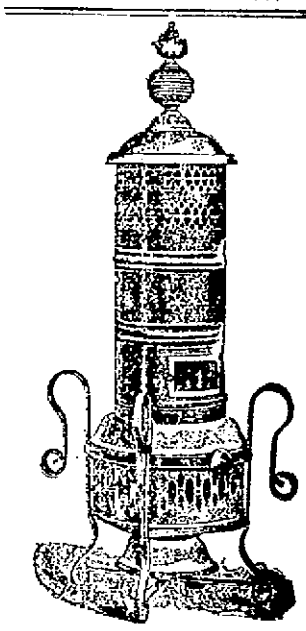
Frasch's
BON BONS AND CANDIES.
YOU WILL FIND OUR PRICES RIGHT.

Our ice cream is unsurpassed by any for quality. It is delicious and healthful. Try
FRASCH'S ICE CREAM, All Flavors.

C. F. Frasch,
170 THAMES STREET, NEWPORT.

Fenton's Home-made Candies

Bon Bons, Chocolates a Specialty.
Fancy Baskets, Bonbonieres, Dinner and Cotillion Favors.
186 BELLEVUE AVENUE.



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OIL HEATER
Test it a perfect gem. No smoke, no smell. Come and see it.

50,000 FALL BULBS
Just in for fall planting.
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THE GEO. A. WEAVER CO.'S,
189 to 193 Broadway, Newport

THE MIYAMI TURKISH BATH CO.
Turkish, Vapor and Electric Baths.
LOCAL TREATMENT FOR RHEUMATIC TROUBLES.
33 CORNE STREET,
Between Bromfield and Pelham streets.

Pasturage for Horses,
Near Newport. Good water; plenty of grass. For further particulars address Peckham Brothers, P. O. Box 195.

LARGE FERNS, PALMS,
etc., FOR SALE CHEAP to make room.
NICE VIOLETS AND ALL KINDS OF FRESH FLOWERS every morning and cut to order.
Funeral and Wedding Work a specialty, at lowest low rates.
H. J. Hass, 234 Thames St.
Telephone connection.

RAILROAD STATISTICS.

Information in the Interstate Commerce Commission's Report.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 13.—The ninth statistical report of the interstate commerce commission, for the year ended June 30, 1896, gives interesting information concerning the mileage, equipment, number of employes, capitalization and valuation, accidents, and earnings and expenses of railways in the United States for the year named. One hundred and fifty-one roads, representing 30,475 miles of operated mileage, were in the hands of receivers June 30, 1896, a decrease of eighteen from the previous year. The capital stock represented by the railways controlled by receivers was $[illegible] and the funded debt was $[illegible]. The total railway mileage June 30, 1896, was 182,776, an increase of 219 for the year. Nearly 1,880 [?] employes were killed and almost 30,000 injured during the year, an increase of [illegible] in those killed and over 4,000 in number injured. The number of persons other than employes and passengers killed was 4,[illegible] and of those injured 5,[illegible].

Train Robbers Sentenced to Thirty Years.

PORTLAND, Ore., Oct. 13.—George Jackson and Charles Williams, who held up an Oregon Railway & Navigation passenger train several miles from this city two weeks ago, have been sentenced by Judge Sears to thirty years.

Trinidad Strike Settled by Compromise

TRINIDAD, Col., Oct. 13.—The strike of the five hundred miners in the Hastings mine of the Victor Coal and Coke Company has been settled by a compromise.

THRIFT IN GERMANY.

The Savings Bank System in the Fatherland.

In Germany the savings bank system is managed by the municipal governments instead of the national authorities, as in England, France, Belgium, Italy and other European countries. The system dates back for nearly a century and, with the exception of some unimportant details, its uniform throughout the empire. German thrift is proverbial. There are no people in the world who can do without luxuries and things that they do not actually need with so great a degree of contentment. From the cradle the children are taught economy. It is as much a matter of education as the catechism. In some of the schools the children are instructed to gather during their play hours, and on their way to and from their homes, all such apparently valueless objects as old bottles, tin cans, refuse metals, etc., which are sold to the junkshops and the proceeds deposited to the credit of the child in the nearest savings bank. The same spirit that inspires this economy has caused the number of depositors in the savings banks of the empire to exceed the number of households. It is often the case that every child and every servant in a family has his own account at the bank, which, when it amounts to a certain sum, is withdrawn for permanent investment.

The usual rate of interest paid by the municipal savings banks in Germany is 3 per cent, and, although their management is intrusted to the municipalities, the banking inspectors of the general government exercise a supervision over them. There is usually a general office, with a director in chief at the city hall, whose principal duty is to receive remittances from branch offices that are established in every ward. These funds are invested in government bonds or in securities of equal value. The latitude of investment is much greater than is allowed the postal savings bank authorities in England and France. The funds may be invested in gilt-edged real-estate mortgages and even in the erection of buildings, but before this is done the proposition must be submitted to the committee of the common council which has jurisdiction over the savings banks. This committee, which is composed of practical financiers, bankers, merchants and manufacturers and men who are in the habit of handling money, acts as a sort of board of directors for the system.

In Berlin there are seventy-nine branch offices, with 153,030 [?] depositors out of a population of 1,600,000, and the total deposits are a little more than $[illegible]. In Dresden the savings banks show a still larger ratio in proportion to the population. Although the number of people in Dresden is only about one-fifth as many as in Berlin, there are half as many depositors in the savings banks, and the deposits exceed $22,000,000. In some of the other cities the proportion is much larger. In the town of Aix-la-Chapelle, for example, with only 110,000 population, there are over 105,000 depositors, with credits of more than $20,000,000. In Altona, a city of 148,000 people, there are over 130,000 depositors, with nearly $20,500,000 to their credit.

The late Emperor Frederick was a great believer in the postal savings banks system, and if he had lived it is probable that it would have been adopted in Germany long ago.

In addition to the municipal savings institutions there has been a system of private associations, known as the Raeffeisen banks, in southern Germany, for the last seventy-five or eighty years, which are managed on a plan very much like that of ordinary savings institutions in the United States, with some improvements. They are under the supervision of the government, and are inspected from time to time by public officials. There is generally a central office at which deposits are received and checks are paid, and branch offices in various convenient locations [illegible]. The amount of deposits is limited to [illegible] marks. The rate of interest is fixed annually on January 1 by the board of directors, and formal advertisement [illegible] per cent. Under the rules of the bank not more than [illegible] marks can be drawn out on any one day. Four weeks' notice must be given for the withdrawal of 1,000 marks and under, and [illegible] of larger sums, although [illegible] can suspend the [illegible].

The first bank of this kind was established in Frankfort in 18[illegible], and the first year there were [illegible] depositors with credits amounting to [illegible] marks. By the last report there were 56,0[illegible] depositors out of a population of [illegible], with credits amounting to [illegible] marks.—[illegible] letter in Chicago Record.

The leading industry of Florida, which received a very discouraging setback several years ago, when stricken by the "big freeze," is now in a more hopeful condition than was anticipated last year. It has shown very encouraging growth and the best estimates of this year's orange crop make it about 250,000 boxes, Manatee and Hillsboro counties alone producing [illegible] boxes. If nothing happens to the trees [illegible] the meantime, a crop of half a million boxes or more will be looked for next [illegible].

From Eastport, Me., to Leadville, Col.,

you can buy G. O. Taylor's Whiskey, and you will find the [illegible] bought in the former place to be a counterpart of that bought in the latter. Every [illegible] absolute purity, and as a medical stimulant [illegible] whiskey, the G. O. Taylor Whiskey stands without a peer today in the United States.

SPIRAL RAILWAYS.

A Dizzy Device for Giving Fear and Joy to Seaside Merrymakers.

At first sight the title given to a new form of engineering device for increasing the enjoyment of holiday makers suggests a scheme for exploiting the monumental tombs of Egyptian kings. For an illustration of its meaning, however, one need go no further east than Southend-on-Sea, where in the newly formed Marine Park a giant structure that is rather conical than pyramidal in contour rears its head above surrounding tree tops. It stands on a ridge that makes the height of its topmost gallery seem dizzy, though in reality this is not more than forty feet from the base. Round the skeleton frame of iron a spiral railway runs like a huge Archimedean screw, the lower end of which is lost in a tunnel. This railway is not merely in an experimental stage, having been at work since August Bank holiday, when many thousands experienced the pleasant sensation of swift descent on its curved gradients, and kept the cars going incessantly for twelve hours. Apparently the directors of a company that has come into existence with the object of placing similar delights within reach of holiday-makers throughout Great Britain had not seen the thing in operation until recently, when, with a party of invited guests, they went to Southend and made several journeys on the spiral railway with all the lively enjoyment of children trying a new toy. They do not claim to have done more than discover a new pleasure for the hundreds whose ideas of exhilarating amusement have not hitherto soared much above switchback railways. If any among them had any misgivings as to the possible dangers attendant on such forms of amusement their anxieties must have been dispelled by the series of practical tests that day.

The structure itself is absolutely safe, though it has nothing about it so ponderous as the base of a Wembley tower. On a bed of concrete the central iron framework stands crowned by an octagonal pagoda, which at present lacks ornamental finish. Within this framework are the engines and other appliances for giving motive power to a lift. From it iron struts extend round a [illegible] circular area, and serve as supports for the railings on each side. The little cars, constructed to hold six passengers each, are not drawn up the spiral by locomotive engines, but hoisted to the highest gallery in the lift one or two at a time. From these they are set going down the incline by a slight exercise of manual or mechanical force, and then the only thing is to check their speed by the judicious application of brakes. These are of such power and so perfectly under control of the driver that two cars coupled together can be stopped instantly at any point, no matter how fast they may be going. By an ingenious arrangement of levers actuating auxiliary wheels that run along a middle rail any tendency of the car to get off its track is effectually prevented, and short of a breakage, which seems impossible, no accident that might happen could lead to serious consequences. The mechanism by which these cars are lifted to the top is, according to an estimate made by the engineer, capable of bearing five times the strain that is likely to be put upon it. Looked at from a distance, the cars as they start and gather way swiftly seem to be going with a rush that nothing can control, but a touch of the brake reduces speed at once, and they wind gently round the lengthening volutes at a rate that seldom exceeds fifteen miles an hour, taking just one minute to cover the quarter of a mile from top to bottom, and giving the passengers full opportunity to enjoy the beautiful panorama of sea and land that seems to revolve round them.

The sensation is much like that experienced in a descent by the windings of the Styrian railway from Semmering pass into Gloggnitz valley, but it doesn't last quite so long or give command of scenery wildly picturesque. The revelry of Southend in a festive mood would destroy any romantic illusions that imagination might otherwise conjure up, and the people for whose enjoyment this railway has been constructed will probably get much more pleasure out of the sense of swift motion than from the panoramic view of Essex hills, Kentish headlands, river, and sea. During the earlier hours visitors to the Marine Park find so much entertainment in watching bicycle and foot races that the spiral railway is little patronized, but toward evening the cars are kept going merrily, and the directors probably begin to realize that profits on their venture are not a remote contingency. A sanguine member of that body quoted figures to show that with twelve cars at work money could be taken at the rate of 30 shillings a minute from passengers. That would amount to £90 an hour, but he omitted to say that you must first catch your passengers, which will, perhaps, be more possible when the attractions of Southend's Marine Park have been fully developed and its boundaries widened to the sea front. This scheme is already in contemplation, and may be realized before next season.—[London Daily News.

CARE OF RUSSIAN JEWS.

The announcement that Baroness de Hirsch has given directions for the winding up of the scheme for the emigration of Russian Jews to the Argentine Republic, and has ordered the balance of the funds remaining in the hands of the committee which manages the enterprise to be devoted to the establishment of technical and industrial schools in Russia, is denied here by men who have a thorough knowledge of the affairs of the philanthropist's widow.

Oscar S. Straus, who has distributed thousands of dollars entrusted to his care by Baroness de Hirsch, says that she has no intention of abandoning the colonization scheme in Argentina, so far as he knows. He says that the rumor came from a despatch [illegible] from Odessa to the Jewish Chronicle of London, but the same journal [illegible] in a later issue.

"The inaccuracy of the report will at once be apparent to those acquainted with the financial affairs of the Colonization Association, while Baroness de Hirsch is known to take the deepest personal interest in the great scheme which her late husband [illegible] [illegible] the functions of the [illegible] administration.

"It is reported that the emigration committee in St. Petersburg is to be [illegible] [illegible] as already reported by [illegible] [illegible] has been [illegible].

"The [illegible] will be [illegible] by all who understand the [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] of the association [illegible] by promoting [illegible] and agricultural pursuits, the paving the way for sending out future colonists fully equipped with knowledge to carry on their respective callings, and [illegible] many of the hardships their predecessors have endured.

"Last March the council of administration had voted 50,000 rubles to the society fund in Odessa—one of the most admirably managed and successful schools for the teaching of handicrafts in the world—and 75,000 rubles for the establishment of an agricultural school for the Jewish colonies in the government of Kherson. Should these experimental grants achieve the desired results, there can be no doubt that the operations of the association in Russia will be considerably extended."

Jacob H. Schiff is also of the opinion that there is no foundation for the rumor. He said that from information he has received the condition of the Jews in Russia is somewhat ameliorated, but not what it might be. So that could be no reason why emigration to Argentina should be stopped.—[New York Times.

THE STATUS OF WOMAN IN FRANCE.

For fifty years woman in this country has owned her own property, so that now there is no American, probably, who ever thinks of a woman as a human being who parts with all her possessions at her marriage. It is true that she may often surrender her spiritual possessions, and in some part of the country, where a certain unwritten law has been recently declared, she may herself be so far considered as mere personalty that her consent, otherwise her free will, plays no part in the issue which her husband settles summarily; but her visible possessions are her own; the moneys and lands that she brings and all that she earns belong to her, and the law gives her all the protection against the wrongs of husband, as of others, of which human cruelty is capable. In England a married woman's property act was passed in 1882. The Danish woman has had the right to collect and to dispose of the product of her toil since 1880. The Swedish woman since 1874, and the Norwegian since 1888, have had the same property rights. Even the woman who is the subject of the Tsar is the mistress of her own. But in France the woman of the humbler class who is married works for the man, keeps her money only if he will, and must give it to him if there is the best of reasons why she should be permitted to withhold it—as, for example, if he be an idle drunkard, spending for his pleasures the earnings of the wife and mother that are needed for the household. Among the shopkeeping bourgeoisie, the woman works also alongside of the husband, is often the real head of the establishment, especially in the little businesses whose prosperity depends upon good taste, patience, tact and unfailing courtesy. And for the toil which knows little rest the possible maker of the family's prosperity receives what is granted by the head of the house, whose temper and awkward-mindedness may possibly prevent the wife's achievement of a still greater prosperity, involving a larger dot, and therefore a more shining marriage for the daughter.—[Harper's Weekly.

BUSINESS GREATER AND GREATER.

Some emphatic evidences of the genuineness of the current revival in business are afforded in a statistical summary by Bradstreet's. It appears that in the third quarter of this year, which covers the period of actual improvement, total bank clearings of the country were three and one-half billions greater than in the same time last year, four and one-half billions greater than in 1894 and well over one billion greater than in the quarter of 1892, the last epoch of good times. Wheat exports were 15,000,000 bushels greater than last year and 16,000,000 bushels more than in 1892; corn exports, 14,000,000 bushels greater than last year and 25,000,000 bushels more than in 1892; business failures, 589 less than last year; liabilities of failed merchants, $41,000,000 less.

Transactions on the New York Stock Exchange in the quarter were three times as great as last year and more than twice as large as in the good year, 1892. The prices index shows a material gain. While we hear no more of sensational advances in prices, improvement is maintained, and there is every appearance of a healthful volume of general trade throughout the country. Last week's bank clearings were among the heaviest on record, increasing nearly fifteen per cent over the week before, and thirty-two per cent over last year. A seven per cent gain is shown over 1892, in which year there was a very large business for the first three weeks of October.

Sixty-four leading railroads report for September gross earnings increased fourteen per cent; net earnings of fifty-five companies for August increased twenty-two per cent. Gold has begun to arrive in earnest, the import movement fairly beginning last week; money is easier, and only the stock market lags, but that is easy to understand. The improvement which the summer's boom discounted is now coming in emphatically for general business. It bids fair to keep on until once more speculation will realize that 1897 is America's year of jubilee.

FINANCIAL.

INDUSTRIAL TRUST COMPANY,
49 Westminster Street,
PROVIDENCE, R. I.

CAPITAL, - - $1,000,000
Surplus, - - $250,000

PARTICIPATION ACCOUNT.
Deposits on Participation Account on or before November 15 draw interest from November 1. Dividends August and February.
This account offers the advantages of savings banks with the additional security of the capital stock of the Company.
Legal depositary for Trustees, Executors, Administrators, Guardians, Assignees, etc.

SAMUEL P. COLT, President.
J. M. ADDEMAN, Vice President.
CYRUS P. BROWN, Treasurer.
WALDO M. PLACE, Secretary.

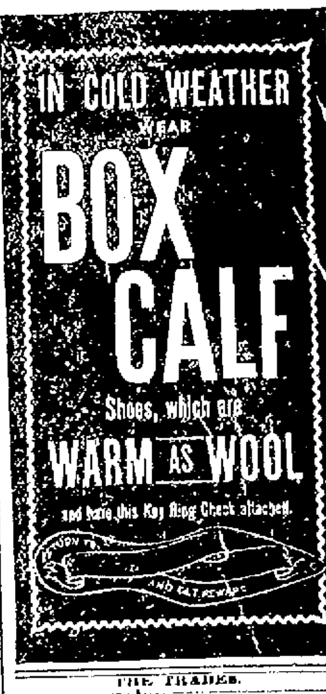
BLAIR & CO,
BANKERS,
33 Wall Street, - - - New York
INVESTMENT SECURITIES.

Travelers' Letters of Credit.
AVAILABLE IN ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD

£ FOREIGN EXCHANGE. £
Exchange on all parts of Europe for sale at current prices. London Correspondents, Messrs. Morton, Rose & Co. Paris Correspondents, Messrs. Drexel, Harjes & Co. Foreign money bought and sold; also mutilated currency and silver.
E. S. SHERMAN, Merchants Bank

TRY
KEY WEST PERFECTOS
AND
I. W.'s Special Fives.
A FULL LINE OF
Foreign and Domestic Cigars, Pipes, Snuff, etc.
IRA W. WILBOR, JR., & CO.
148 Thames Street, Newport, R. I.

Storage for Carriages
FLUDDER BROTHERS, 15 Beach St.



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HEAT your homes and make them comfortable.
HOT WATER and STEAM HEATING APPARATUS
INSTALLED BY
LINCOLN HAMMETT & CO.
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G. H. BURNHAM,
Machinist and General Jobber
Dealer in Mill and Engineers' Supplies, Waste, Oils of All Kinds, Belting, Babbitt, etc.
Lawn Mowers Repaired and Sharpened.
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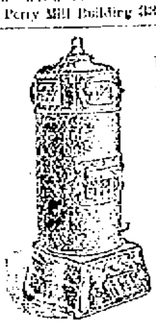

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It takes the lead in Economy, Reliability and Efficiency
Barker Bros & Co.
138 Broadway.

HORSESHOEING, ETC.
HAVING PURCHASED the shop and good will of Mr. Lewis Skinner, on Ferry wharf, I hereby notify the public that I shall carry on the business in connection with my present stand on Commercial wharf. All horseshoeing and jobbing promptly attended to at either place.
J. B. BACHELLER.

T. P. CROWLEY,
Marine Railways.
Shipwright and Spar Maker,
Pile Driving and Dock Building
NAPHTHA FOR LAUNCHES.
Yards—370 Thames St., and 132 Long Wharf
NEWPORT, R. I.

GODDARD & BARLOW,
PRACTICAL
Tinsmiths and Metal Workers
REAR OF 192 THAMES STREET.
Work done at reasonable rates. Tin roofing and general jobbing.

W. H. COFFIN,
Carpenter and Builder,
Langley's Wharf, Oppo. P. O
RESIDENCE 23 BROADWAY.
Jobbing promptly attended to.

SMITH BOSWORTH & CO.
MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN
Doors, Sash, Blinds, Window Frames, etc.
WEST BROADWAY.

Floor Tiles.
J. B. COTTRELL,
Marble and Granite Worker.
Work done in the best manner.
WARNER STREET, Opposite Island Cemetery.

F. A. ALLAN, JR.,
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JOBBING A SPECIALTY.
Residence, 13 Farewell Street.
SHOP, 7 CALEB EARLE STREET.

ALWAYS INSIST ON
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PREMIUM CHOCOLATE
UNEXCELLED FOR DRINKING, COOKING, BAKING &c
COCOA FOR BREAKFAST & SUPPER CANNOT BE SURPASSED.
GROCERS EVERYWHERE.

SHINGLES to Close Lots.
Shaved Cedar, Pine,
Red Wood, Cypress,
Sawed Cedar.

Hammett's Lumber Yard,
321 THAMES STREET.

The Sanitary Protection Association,
OF NEWPORT, R. I.
The association furnishes to its members at a nominal cost, a skilled examination of their premises to ascertain if the plumbing, drains, etc., are in a good and healthy condition.
For further information apply to
MR. CREIGHTON WITHERS,
Secretary and Consulting Architect,
Telephone connection. 22 Bellevue Avenue

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THE NEW WAY
to obtain your FALL SUIT or WINTER OVERCOAT
is to come in and select from our 3000 samples and let us take your measure, and we will get you up a garment which will be in every way satisfactory—or you need not take it.
PRICES ARE RAPIDLY ADVANCING, but ours will remain the same for the present season.
SUITS, - - $13 to $30.
OVERCOATS, $13 to $30.
TROUSERS, - $3 to $10.
BENNETT,
One Price Clothier, Tailor and Furnisher,
233 Thames Street.
Agent for Wanamaker & Brown.

You will find the largest assortment of Covert Cloths for short top coats at OTTO'S, 244 Thames street.

COME AND SEE
WHAT A
Handsome Suit, Trousers and Overcoat
I WILL MAKE UP
FOR A LOW CASH PRICE.
Prices are all right.
Donato Russo, - 6 Broadway,

Bicycle Stockings
WE ARE CLOSING OUT OUR
50c. BICYCLE STOCKINGS
For 31 cents.
ONLY A FEW DOZEN PAIRS LEFT.
W. C. LANGLEY & SON,
Tailors—Haberdashers,
174 THAMES STREET.

"Perfectly Satisfied,"
Is what my patrons say.
It is a fact that my Suits, Overcoats and Trousers are made better, fit as well, and will wear as long, as those costing very much more.
I make to order, Suits, $14; Overcoats, $15; Trousers, $4 and upward.
Not obliged to take goods that are not satisfactory in every way.
NEIL McLENNAN,
268 Thames Street. U. S. Hotel Building

H. D. Spooner,
TAILOR,
233 1-2 Thames Street.

SPECIAL SALE
—OF—
Lampson and Hubbard Hats,
To close out entire stock, $3 and $3.50
For $1.50.
Come early, before sizes are broken. See window
J. K. McLENNAN.

"METHYL."
We guarantee that, no matter whether you have one tooth or thirty extracted, the operation will not pain you in the least. We simply apply "METHYL" to the gums.
"METHYL" does not put you to sleep, and it does not leave the mouth sore.
Fine Gold Fillings $2 and up. Artificial Teeth, only the best materials used. Every set warranted.
DR. M. Y. SIMMONS & CO.
333 Westminster St., Providence.

LEONARD'S
Newport Steam Laundry
And Carpet Beating Works.
J. D. RICHARDSON, Agent, 208 Thames street. Orders may also be left at Peckham & Manchester's, 68 Broadway. Telephone connection.

CHAMPION'S LINE
Naphtha Launches, Sail and Row Boats.
To let by the hour, day or week, for fishing or moonlight excursions. Night boating a specialty.
26 Kinsley's Wharf. Telephone.

D. P. A. JACOBY, M. D.
Office of the Late Dr. Turner, 10 School Street.
Office hours from 9 to 10 A. M., 2 to 4 and from 7 to 8 P. M.

PIANOS AND ORGANS.

FALL BARGAIN
NUMBER TWO.
Bargain No. 1 having been disposed of, we offer Bargain No. 2 for
$100.
This instrument has only been rented, is all right, and will sell on sight.
Rental pianos are coming in, and will be offered at low figures.
JOHN ROGERS,
210 THAMES STREET.

Piano Tuning.
RALPH WOOD,
Rogers's Music Store, 210 Thames St.

FISCHER
ESTABLISHED 1840,
PIANOS
RENOWNED FOR TONE & DURABILITY
The wonderful popularity enjoyed by the
FISCHER PIANO
For the past FIFTY-SEVEN YEARS without a parallel in the history of the piano world. During this period over
100,000
Pianos have been manufactured by this firm.
Grand and Upright Pianos
In rare woods and chaste designs. Write for illustrated catalogue.
J. & C. FISCHER,
33 Union Square, West, between 16th and 17th Sts., New York.
—OR—
MANN & ECCLES,
32 Mathewson Street, Providence, R. I.

PROVISIONS.

JUST ARRIVED,
Carload of Fine Potatoes,
Which we will sell in twenty bushel lots or over, at $1 a bushel.
F. B. COGGESHALL, 147 Thames St.

WEBER'S
PATES en CROUTE,
Pates de Foie Gras
(In jars and tins).
Foie Gras au Naturel.
Coutere Freres et Fils
Extra Peeled Truffes.
Grandy's Green Turtle Meat
Mauviettes, Bonbons, Financières, etc.
SEA SIDE MARKET.
296 Thames Street.

DELICIOUS
CORNED BEEF,
The best in this city, or money refunded.
Meats, Poultry and Provisions.
Fruit and Vegetables Received Daily.
Fresh Eggs and Diamond Creamery Butter a specialty.
LOWEST PRICES.
SOUTH SIDE MARKET
564 Spring Street.
Telephone connection.

SPRING
Lamb, Ducks and Geese.
Bluck's Market 103 Bellevue Ave.

NEWPORT
Transfer Express Co.
SUNDAY CALLS.
The charge for calls for baggage on Sundays between the hours of 7 A. M. and 6 P. M. will be double the regular rate.
Principal Office, 30 Bellevue Avenue,
Branch Offices, 272 Thames Street and New York Freight Depot,
E. B. HARRINGTON,
Treasurer and General Manager.

WHY
use shells loaded with fine blasting powder,
WHEN
We load them for $2.00 a hundred with "Hazzard's" rifle powder.
AT SOUTHWICK'S.
Telephone.

TO CURE NERVOUS DYSPEPSIA.

To Gain Flesh, to Sleep Well, to Know What Appetite and Good Digestion Mean, Make a Test of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets.

Interesting Experience of an Indianapolis Gentleman.

No trouble is more common or more misunderstood than nervous dyspepsia. People having it think that their nerves are to blame and are surprised that they are not cured by nerve medicine and spring remedies; the real seat of the mischief is lost sight of; the stomach is the organ to be looked after.

Nervous dyspeptics often do not have any pain whatever in the stomach, nor perhaps any of the usual symptoms of stomach weakness. Nervous dyspepsia shows itself not in the stomach so much as in nearly every other organ; in some cases the heart palpitates and is irregular; in others, the kidneys are affected; in others the bowels are constipated, with headaches; still others are troubled with loss of flesh and appetite, with accumulation of gas, sorr risings and heartburn.

Mr. A. W. Sharper, of No. 61 Prospect St., Indianapolis, Ind., writes as follows: "A motive of pure gratitude prompts me to write these few lines regarding the new and valuable medicine, Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets. I have been a sufferer from nervous dyspepsia for the last four years; have used various patent medicines and other remedies without any favorable result. They sometimes gave temporary relief until the effects of the medicine wore off. I attributed this to my sedentary habits, being a bookkeeper with little physical exercise, but I am glad to state that the tablets have overcome all these obstacles, for I have gained in flesh, sleep better and am better in every way. The above is written not for notoriety, but is based on actual fact."

Respectfully yours,
A. W. SHARPER,
61 Prospect St., Indianapolis, Ind.

It is safe to say that Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets will cure any stomach weakness or disease except cancer of stomach. They cure sour stomach, gas, loss of flesh and appetite, sleeplessness, palpitation, heartburn, constipation and headache.

Send for valuable little book on stomach diseases by addressing Stuart Co., Marshall, Mich.

All druggists sell full sized packages at 50 cents.

GROCERIES.

ESTABLISHED 1814.

Pin-Money PICKLES.

PRIDE OF NEW YORK PICKLES,

ONE-HALF GALLON JARS, 25c. EACH.

Mellins' Food,
Horlick's Malted Milk
(Small, large and hospital size),
Bovinine,
Witch Hazel,
Hoff's Malt,
Bavarian Malt.

C. SHERMAN & CO.,
243 & 245 THAMES STREET.

Sage Cheese.

Peckham & Manchester,

BROADWAY.

Established 1846.

New Jams,

16c. a Jar, $1.80 a dozen.

PELEG BRYER & SON
25 & 27 Broadway.

Just Arrived

ANOTHER LOT

PURE GOLD FLOUR,

Warranted the best in the city.

Phil. Stevens,

48 and 50 Thames Street.

UNITY CLUB.

The opening meeting of the Unity Club attracted a large number of members to the Channing parlors last evening, when Mrs. E. Orr Williams of Boston gave a lecture on "Michel Angelo." The new president of the club, Dr. A. F. Squire, presided at the opening of the meeting and introduced Dr. Frederick Bradley, chairman of the culture committee, who briefly explained the program laid out for the club's winter work.

The lecture of the evening was preceded by a selection on the piano by Miss Harriet Russell Collyer, a polonaise by Chopin. Mrs. Williams sketched the early life of the great Angelo, describing his remarkable works of art and dwelling at length on his relations to both the Medicis and the popes, giving in a very interesting manner a review of the times and influences in which the artist worked and lived, and a critical estimate of the individuality of the man. During the lecture Longfellow's poem "Michel Angelo" was read, with musical selections by Miss Collyer as an accompaniment to the reading.

POLICE BUSINESS FOR THE PAST QUARTER.

The total number of arrests by the police for the quarter ending September 30 was 396, of which number 265 were males. Sixty-five warrants were issued. Of those arrested 153 were foreigners and 181 non-residents; 51 were minors. The total committals were 80. The value of property stolen was $1,655 and the amount recovered was $1,035, a showing highly creditable to the police department. The committals were as follows: To Newport county jail, 48; Providence county jail, 17; State Workhouse, 6; State Reform School, 3; State Farm, 6.

GAUL'S "ISRAEL IN THE WILDERNESS."

The Newport Church Choir Guild will sing Gaul's "Israel in the Wilderness," at the Zabriskie Memorial Church tomorrow evening. The guild, which comprises the choirs of Trinity, Emmanuel, St. George's and St. John's churches, will be assisted by the choir of Trinity Church, Bristol, and the following soloists: Miss Cora Gosling, soprano, of this city; Mr. Stephen Townsend, baritone, of Boston, and Mr. Walter J. Towne, tenor, of Providence. The recessional hymn, "Sing, ye faithful, sing with gladness," to be sung by the guild on this occasion, was written by Mr. Ralph Kinder, organist of Trinity Church, Bristol, and dedicated by him to the Newport Church Choir Guild.

A GIRL'S GOWN.

The sash retains its popularity, being used even on cloth gowns. For misses it is particularly fashionable and becoming. The model here shows a gown of cashmere and velveteen combined in a novel manner. The velveteen is green, of an emerald shade. This is used for a plain, fitted yoke, which is four inches deep in the back and nine inches in front. From this a gathered skirt of the brown cashmere hangs. The waist is a blouse of the cashmere, with a large collar of the velveteen, which is cut square in the back, and in the front extends to the

waist. It fastens in the centre with loops and buttons covered with the velveteen. Three tiny ruffles of the selvedge of the cashmere edge the yoke and collar. The sash is of Liberty silk to match the velveteen. The hat is of brown velvet, with white plumes tipped with brown.

Misses' styles in general follow very closely those of their elders, and it must be admitted that the present styles are really more becoming to the girls than to those they were originally designed for. It takes the slenderness of youth to wear the blouse waist becomingly.

SHORTENING THE COLLEGE COURSE.

At the last meeting in Boston of the New England Association of Colleges and Preparatory Schools the topic for discussion was the advisability of shortening the ordinary college course from four to three years. Professor Thomas D. Seymour, representing Yale, denied the necessity for any change, but President Eliot of Harvard advocated it strongly. "Graduates are not getting into their life work," he said, "until they are twenty-seven or twenty-eight years of age, which is too late for them first to assume the responsibilities of a profession or business. The college is not the only place where a young man can get training and culture—in fact, no better training in the world can be given than by placing young men in positions of responsibility at an early age."

Professor Seymour declared that the question was not an issue at Yale. "Never before," said he, "was there so great a demand for men of more than mediocre powers and training, and too much in the way of preparation could hardly be demanded. If the shortening of the course would make it possible for the young man to establish himself at an earlier age, I should welcome the change; but I do not believe that such will be the case. The trouble is that the pace of our schools is too often set by the poor students. I am not in sympathy with the idea that every boy should go to college. Indeed, a ten-thousand-dollar education should not be given to a five-hundred-dollar boy. He would better do something else."

NEW YORK'S NEWEST HOTEL.

Some of the Attractions of the Superb Astoria.

The late lamented Professor Noah Webster, LL. D., defined a "roof" as the cover or upper part of any house, barn or the like, and a "garden" as a piece of ground appropriated to the cultivation of plants and vegetables.

The roof garden of today is not a combination of the upper part of a house and a piece of ground for the cultivation of vegetables. The roof garden of the superb new Astoria Hotel in particular is about as far from this as can be.

To the gentlemen of pleasure who have employed their spare moments in observing the Astoria rise from its broad foundations to its lofty capstone it has been a matter of much interest to know just what magnificent plans were in mind for the use and adornment of the roof to make it a superb and delightful resort for those who are to be entertained at New York's newest and most palatial hostelry.

The Astoria opens next month, and if you are guest or casual visitor you will marvel over the ballroom, the dining room, the Astor room and other show apartments; then you will be transported to the seventeenth story in one of the many rapidly moving elevators, and will step out upon what Professor Webster's dictionary calls "the top or cover of the house," a place to grow plants or vegetables. The old gentlemen didn't know what he was writing about.

A magic wand will have turned this stretch of mere stone and iron into a veritable fairyland. You will see about you a mass—not a jumble, but an artistic arrangement—of plants and flowers, playing fountains here and there, great vases of rare blossoms, and over all, if it is evening, the light of scores and scores of electric lamps.

The roof garden is not one monotonous stretch of space, but here and there are sharp turns and corners to break the straight lines, graceful groups of columns, charming bowers and an artistic band stand. All about are palms and pines, and among these will be set the tables and chairs at which many a good dinner and jolly supper will be served. When the eye becomes accustomed to the scene, and the detail of the beautiful picture stands out distinctly, one is able to comprehend what a vast amount of planning and labor is taken to fashion what is easily the finest roof garden on the continent, if not in the world. One is not confronted with a broad expanse of roof. On the west side are pretty little "roof houses" into which the elevators ascend. Over these is a short promenade, affording a view for miles and miles. At the south centre of the great roof is a series of columns about three sides of the air shaft before referred to. Almost in the centre of the roof garden is a band stand, above which rears the sounding board. Along the north, or Thirty-fourth street, side of the main roof the promenade from east to west is unobstructed. On the south side there is promenade, too, but an iron bridge crosses over a cavernous air shaft that gives air and light to the floors below. On the east side, at Thirty-fourth street and Fifth Avenue, is the tower, with winding stairs leading up within it to the top. At the west side of the roof are the elevators and the stairs leading to the floor below.

With this as a basis for treatment the florist will complete the picture. For weeks past his agents have visited remote Southern districts and traveled through the pine woods and conservatories of the North, gathering an abundance of tropical plants and Northern pines and shrubs for Astoria's garden.

Along the north wall in heavy vases, at irregular intervals; about the floor in tubs that are artfully concealed by overlaying moss and bark, in hanging baskets—everywhere the plants and shrubs will appear. The trellis work about the columns over the shaft will be particularly picturesque, with the green vines trailing in and out.

One can easily imagine the scene on a summer's night, the delightful resort that it will be, two hundred and twenty feet above the heat and noise and bustle of the street, where one can enjoy a breeze from the rivers and the bay while dining or walking along the palmy promenades or sitting in the bowers, enjoying an after-dinner cigar and listening to the Hungarian band's soft music—Hungarian bands do play softly once in a while.

The view will be a grand one. If you are leaning on the northern rail and are looking out over the city you can see far into the suburbs toward Westchester, the Hudson and Jersey to the left and well along the sound to the right. If you cross over to the south wall you will look out upon the seemingly endless row of house roofs and, away beyond, the great bridge, Brooklyn and the harbor.

It is not always summer, however, and soon the cold winds and drifting snow will make the roof garden a very inhospitable place indeed. The builders of the Astoria have had this in mind, so we will step down from the roof—or seventeenth floor—to the floor below, and we will turn to the west, and, passing between the marble columns, will enter the spacious, enclosed winter garden.

It may be winter in New York on the roof, but it is Florida in autumn here. The glass skylight covers the whole length of the room. All about are windows, built almost from floor to ceiling. At the south side are two big fireplaces on either side of a great triple window. At the north side of the winter garden is the musicians' stand. There is a profusion of tropical plants, from the stunted cactus to the towering palm. The tables and chairs are in keeping, made of rattan, but handsome in design and finish. There is a big kitchen on this floor—a marvel of culinary completeness.

Viewing the two gardens of the Astoria from the standpoint of artistic scheme, completeness of detail and luxury of appointments, a little bragging may not be out of place by the average New Yorker, who may calmly ask the Old World—it would be superfluous to ask the rest of the New—"Can you equal it?"—[New York Herald.

AN OLD CHURCH'S TREASURES.

Historically, and in the relics of the past which it contains, few, if any, churches in America are more interesting than old St. John's at Portsmouth, N. H. The founding of the parish dates from 1638, but the present edifice is modern. It was built in 1806, and the good man who preached the dedication sermon described it as a work of stupendous magnitude. It is not, however, the building which attracts us, but its belongings. Here we see the old prayer-book with the prayer for the President pasted over that for the King, the "Vinegar" Bible, of which only forty copies were printed and but five of which are in the United States. The bell which calls the parish to prayers is a capture from Louisburg, and although twice recast, once by Paul Revere, since its voice was heard in its foreign home, it is yet the same old bell. An armchair which stands behind the altar rail was a gift from Queen Caroline, but it is now known as the Washington chair, having been occupied by the first President of the United States when he attended service in the old church.

Admiral Farragut was buried from St. John's, and the reading table is made of wood from his flagship. A strange bit of treasure-trove is the heavy porphyry font captured by the English from the French off the coast of Africa. Every Sunday twelve loaves of bread are placed upon this font and distributed to twelve old women, in accordance with the terms of one Theodore Eccleston's last will and testament, and because of the gift by will the church is still heated with wood fires.—[Nashua, N. H., Telegraph.

A GREAT SURPRISE IS IN STORE

For those who will go today and get a package of GRAIN-O. It takes the place of coffee at about ¼ the cost. It is a food drink, full of health, and can be given to the children as well as the adult with great benefit. It is made of pure grains and looks and tastes like the finest grades of Mocha or Java coffee. It satisfies everyone. A cup of Grain-O is better for the system than a tonic, because its benefit is permanent. What coffee breaks down Grain-O builds up. Ask your grocer for Grain-O. 15c. and 25c.

The Original and Only **BELL'S** Spiced Seasoning **POULTRY SEASONING**

Perfect the Standard Flavoring for a generation past. It is used in the leading Hotels, Clubs and Families of New England.

It is cheaper and better and avoids the trouble of keeping on hand a variety of herbs and spices. It is the par-excellence seasoning for poultry, game, fish and meat dressing. Prepared exclusively by THE WM. G. BELL CO., Boston. Grocers and Marketmen sell it.

NEWPORT HOTELS.

PERRY HOUSE,

WASHINGTON SQUARE.

Leading hotel in the city. Open all the year. Completely renovated and refurnished. First-class in every respect, with all modern improvements. Rates $2.50, $3.00 and $3.50 per day, according to location. Rates to parties by the week or month. For further information regarding rooms, etc. address WM. S. O'BRIEN, Proprietor.

JAMESTOWN HOTELS.

BAY VIEW HOUSE, Jamestown, R. I.

Send for prices and plans.

Jamestown Furnished Cottages to Rent.
C. T. KNOWLES.

HOTELS.

OVERLOOKING UNION SQUARE
EVERETT HOUSE,
17th St. and 4th Ave., New York.

For convenience of situation and delightful exposure, The Everett heads the list. Thoroughly modernized. Cuisine of acknowledged excellence. European plan. Popular prices.
WM. M. BATES. B. L. M. BATES.

HOTEL BRUNSWICK,
BOSTON.

American and European plans. Most desirably situated in COPLEY SQUARE, the most fashionable locality of the city.
BARNES & DUNKLEE, Proprietors.
HERBERT H. BARNES, Manager.

COAL AND WOOD.

A NICE CLEAN LOT OF

Franklin Coal

—ALSO—

White Ash, Egg and nice clean No 2 Nut, at $5 per ton.

—AT—

Samways,
107 LONG WHARF

Carefully Selected Varieties
—OF—
FAMILY COAL.

Southern and Eastern Pine Wood

PINNIGER & MANCHESTER,
PERRY MILL WHARF.

Offices: 130 Thames Street. 120 Bellevue Avenue.
Telephone connection.

PLYMOUTH COAL.

Plymouth WHITE ASH STOVE,
Plymouth No. 2 Chestnut.
Plymouth Red Ash Egg.
Wilkesbarre Egg.

FOR SALE BY
GARDINER B. REYNOLDS & CO.
Opposite Postoffice.

RESTAURANTS.

THE ALLEN, 130 Thames Street.
MEALS AT ALL HOURS.
OYSTERS, CLAMS, SALADS, BROILED LIVE LOBSTERS, HOME-MADE PIES, BREAD, CAKES AND ICE CREAM.
D. B. & J. T. ALLEN, Proprietors.
Telephone connection.

AWNINGS, Tents and Flags.

First-class goods, and prices low for work.
18 MILL STREET. GEO. NASON

WATER.

Persons desirous of having water introduced into residences or places of business should make application at the office of the Newport Water Works, 5 West Marlborough street. Office hours from 8 A. M. to 2 P. M.

Jamestown and Newport Ferry Co.

AUTUMNAL TIME TABLE
IN EFFECT OCTOBER 1ST., 1897.
NEWPORT AND JAMESTOWN FERRY CO., FROM FOOT OF MARKET SQ., NEWPORT.

LEAVE JAMESTOWN		LEAVE NEWPORT	
6 20 A. M.		6 15 A. M.	
8 15 "		9 20 "	Mail
10 15 "	Mail	11 30 "	
1 15 P. M.		1 45 P. M.	
2 15 "		2 45 "	
3 15 "		3 45 "	
4 15 "		4 45 "	Mail
5 15 "	Mail	5 45 "	
6 15 "		6 45 "	
SUNDAYS.			
9 00 A. M.		9 30 A. M.	Mail
10 00 "	(church trip)	10 30 "	
12 15 M.		12 30 P. M.	
2 00 P. M.		2 30 "	
4 00 "		4 30 "	
5 00 "	Mail.	5 30 "	

SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE.

Most pleasant, instructive and enjoyable sail out of Newport, affording view of Narragansett Bay, Fort Adams, Torpedo Station, U. S. Training Station, the famous Dumplings and surroundings. Carriages always to be had at Jamestown at reasonable prices for a ride to Beavertail or over Conanicut Island. 20 cents round trip, or twelve tickets for one dollar.
J. P. KOHLER, Supt.

NEWPORTERS — Our prett gunboat and Newport's namesake is coming to receive our silver service, and will anchor in the harbor; and we offer you the very best way of observing her Steamer Conanicut in making her regular trips will go as close as safety will admit, passing on one side going and on the other side returning.

School children's opportunity.

JOHN P. KOHLER.

GROCERIES.

Standard Granulated Sugar (fine) 19 pounds for $1.

Very choice Formosa, Japan or English Breakfast Tea, 2½ lbs. for $1.

Good English Breakfast Oolong or Japan Tea, 3 lbs. for $1.

"Puritan," the best piece of Soap on the market for all around work, 25 bars for $1.

Borden's Eagle Brand Condensed Milk, 15c. a can.

Bensdorp's Royal Dutch Cocoa, quarters, 20c.; halves, 35c.; pounds, 65c.

Fancy (NEW) California Evaporated Apricots, 2 lbs. for 25c.

Very large handsome new California Prunes, 2 lbs. for 25c.

—AT—

The Boston Grocery,

Smith's Building, Broadway.
O. F. WILCOX, Prop'r.

CHASE & SANBORN'S Seal Brand Coffee,

Fresh from the Roaster.

Colonel's Best Coffee, 3 1-2 lbs. for $1.

Smoked Salmon.
Smoked Halibut.
Salmon Trout.
Large Mackerel.
Boneless Codfish.

For the Finest of
FRESH MEATS
Prices are the Lowest.

—AT—

D. E. YOUNG'S
130 THAMES STREET.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

BOSTON & PHILADELPHIA STEAMSHIP CO.,

FROM

Fall River to Philadelphia Direct

Every Wednesday and Saturday

At 6 P. M., connecting at Philadelphia with all rail and water lines to the South and West. Close connection made with all points on the N. Y., N. H. & H. railroad.

Quick Despatch. Prompt Delivery.

Mark goods WINSOR LINE.
For rates and other information apply to
J. H. JORDAN, Agent N. Y., N. H. & H. R. R. or to H. J. Jernegan, Agent Borden Wharf, Fall River.
E. B. SAMPSON, Gen'l Manager, Boston, Mass.

TRAVELERS' DIRECTORY.

NEW YORK, NEW HAVEN & HARTFORD RAILROAD

Old Colony System

Time tables showing local and through train service between all stations may be obtained at all ticket offices of this company.

On and after Sunday, Oct. 3, 1897, trains will leave Newport for Boston, Park square, week days, 7:00, 8:20, 9:20, 11:00 a. m.; 1:00, 3:00, 5:00, 10:15 p. m. Return, 6:15, 8:45, 10:45 a. m.; 12:45, 2:15, 3:45, 1:15, 5:45, 6:15 a. m. MIDDLETOWN and PORTSMOUTH, 7:00, 9:00, 11:00, a. m.; 1:00, 3:00, 5:00, 10:16 p. m. PORTSMOUTH GROVE (flag stop), 7:00, 9:00, 11:00 a. m.; 1:00, 3:00, 5:00 p. m. BRISTOL FERRY, TIVERTON, FALL RIVER and TAUNTON, 7:00, 8:20, 9:00, 11:00, a. m.; 1:00, 3:00, 5:00, 10:15 p. m. MIDDLEBORO, 8:20, 9:00, 11:00, a. m.; 1:00, 3:00, 5:00 p. m. HYANNIS, 11:00 a. m.; 3:00 p. m. PROVINCETOWN, 3:00 p. m. PLYMOUTH, 11:00 a. m.; 3:00 p. m. NEW BEDFORD, 8:20, 9:00, 11:00 a. m.; 1:00, 3:00, 5:00 p. m. Fitchburg, and Stations on Northern Division, 8:20, 11:00 a. m.; 3:00 p. m. LOWELL, 11:00 a. m.; 3:00 p. m. COTTAGE CITY, 11:00 a. m. WOONSOCKET, BLACKSTONE AND WORCESTER, 8:20 a. m.; 3:00 p. m. PROVIDENCE, 7:00, 8:20, 9:00, 11:00 a. m.; 1:00, 3:00, 5:00 p. m. Return 7:50, 9:20, 11:50 a. m.; 1:30, 3:20, 4:50, 5:20, 6:00 p. m.

SUNDAYS for Boston 7:00, 11:00 a. m.; 3:00, 5:00 p. m. Return 6:20, 8:15 a. m.; 12:15, 4:30, 6:20 p. m. For Providence 7:00, 11:00 a. m.; 3:00, 5:00 p. m. Return 7:50, 9:50 a. m.; 1:30, 5:20, 6:50 p. m. For MIDDLETOWN, PORTSMOUTH GROVE, PORTSMOUTH, BRISTOL FERRY, TIVERTON, FALL RIVER, SOMERSET, DIGHTON, NORTH DIGHTON, WEIR VILLAGE and TAUNTON, 7:00, 11:00 a. m.; 3:00, 5:00 p. m. NEW BEDFORD, 7:00, 11:00 a. m.; 3:00 p. m.

a Boat from Fall River.
b Leaves from Fall River Line Wharf. No tickets sold at wharf.
d Kneeland St. Station.
A. C. KENDALL, Gen'l Pass. Agent, Boston.
C. G. ALLEN, Gen'l Supt., Boston.
J. H. JORDAN, Agent, Newport, R. I.

Providence, Fall River & Newport Steamboat Co.

On and after Monday, September 13,
LEAVE NEWPORT FOR

Providence

Week days only 8 A. M. Leave Providence week days only 1 P. M.

Mondays and Saturdays only, stop at Prudence each way. Stop at Conanicut Mondays only, each way.

Excursion Tickets, only 60c.

Passengers who wish may have breakfast served in the dining room on the steamer after leaving Newport (8 A. M.)
B. BUFFUM, Supt. Transportation.
ARTHUR H. WATSON, President and Gen'l Manager.

FALL RIVER LINE.

For New York the South and West.

Steamers PRISCILLA and PURITAN in commission. An orchestra on each.

Leave Newport, week days and Sundays at 9:15 P. M. Due New York 7:00 A. M.

Returning from New York, steamers leave Pier 18, N. R., foot of Murray St., week days and Sundays at 5:30 P. M. Eastward steamers touch at Newport every morning, remaining there until 3:45 before proceeding to Fall River.

For tickets and staterooms apply at New York and Boston Despatch Express office, 272 Thames street. I. L. Greene, Ticket Agent.
GEO. L. CONNOR, Passenger Traffic Manager.
O. H. TAYLOR, General Passenger Agent.
J. H. JORDAN, Agent, Newport, R. I.

For Block Island.

Steamer Geo. W. Danielson, Captain Dodge, will leave Commercial wharf Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at 1 P. M. Returning, leave Block Island Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 8 A. M., weather permitting.

Newport & Wickford Railroad and Steamboat Co.

"The Wickford Route." June 30, 1897

LEAVE	A M	A M	P M	P M	P M	P M
Newport,	7 05	10 10	1 20	1 10**	3 35*	11 15
Providence, arr.,	8 50	11 30	3 15	5 55	9 54	....
Boston, "	10 15	1 15	4 25	7 00	11 00	....
New York, "	1 50	4 20	6 57	11 00	B	6 55
	P M	P M	P M	P M	P M	A M
LEAVE	Night	A M	A M	A M	P M	P M
New York,	*12 05	....	5 00	10 00	1 02	5 00
Boston,	12 03	....	10 13	1 0	3 45	7 00
Providence,	1 21	7 10	11 13	2 07	4 10	8 17
Newport, arr.,	6 35	9 40	1 00	1 00	6 40	10 35
	A M	A M	P M	P M	P M	P M

*Daily.

B Washington Express due Harlem River Station, N. Y., 2:15 A. M.; Philadelphia, 6:40 A. M.; Baltimore, 9:37 A. M.; Washington, 10:49 A. M.

**Through train between Wickford Junction, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington without change.

For tickets and drawing room chairs apply on steamer General, Commercial wharf, or at the Transfer Co.'s office, 30 Bellevue avenue.
C. P. COFFIN, Agent, Newport.

Auenchinger-King Cottage

NEWPORT, R. I.

Families or private parties, transient or permanent, accommodated at the above cottage, opposite Newport Reading Room.

KINSLERS' HOTEL,

10 BELLEVUE AVENUE.
Open all the year.

NASON COTTAGE,

20 MILL STREET. Open all the year round. Permanent or Transient Board. First Class. Reasonable Rates. GEO. NASON, Proprietor.

POSTOFFICE GUIDE.

June 1, 1897.

Office Hours, 7 a. m. to 10 p. m. Sundays, 8 to 9:30 a. m.; 5 to 9 p. m.

Money order and registry department, 8 a. m. to 6 p. m.

Lobby open from 6 a. m. to 10 p. m.; Sundays, 7 a. m. to 9 p. m.

Mail open on Sunday, 8 a. m.; closes 9 p. m.

Registered mail open, 10:30 a. m.; 7:30 p. m.; closes 3:30 p. m. and 6 p. m.

Carrier deliveries at 8 a. m.; 2 and 4:30 p. m.

SCHEDULE OF ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES MAILS.

New York City and Foreign—Open 8 a. m.; 1:30, 4:30 and 7:30 p. m.—Closes 6:30 and 9:30 a. m.; 12:50, 3:50, 7:10 and 10 p. m.

New York State, Southern & Western—Open 8 a. m.; 1:30, 4:30, 7:30 p. m.—Closes 6:30 and 9:30 a. m.; 12:50, 2:50, 3:50, 7:10 and 10 p. m.

Boston and Eastern—Open 8 and 9:30 a. m.; 1:30, 3:30, 6:00 and 7:30 p. m.—Closes 6:30, 10:30 a. m.; 12:50, 2:50, 4:30, 7:10 and 10 p. m.

Providence, R. I.—Open 8 and 9:30 a. m.; 1:30, 3:30, 4:30 and 7:30 p. m.—Closes 6:30 and 9:30 a. m.; 12:50, 2:50, 4:30, 7:10 and 10 p. m.

Jamestown—Open 11:30 a. m. and 6:30 p. m.—

Connecticut—Open 8 a. m.; 1:30, 4:30 and 7:30 p. m.—Closes 6:30 and 9:30 a. m.; 12:50, 7:10 and 10 p. m.

Fall River & New Bedford—Open 8 and 9:30 a. m., 1:30, 3:30, 6:30 and 7:30 p. m.—Closes 6:30 and 10:30 a. m.; 2:30, 4:30 and 10 p. m.

Bristol Ferry, Portsmouth, Tiverton & Little Compton—Open 8 and 9:30 a. m.; 7:30 p. m.—Closes 6:30 a. m. and 4:30 p. m.

Block Island—Open 10:30 a. m.—Closes 1 p. m. Closes 10 a. m. and 6 p. m.

South Portsmouth—Open 8 a. m. and 6:30 p. m.—Closes 9:30 a. m. and 6 p. m.

The Rosy Freshness

And a velvety softness of the skin is invariably obtained by those who use Pozzoni's Complexion Powder.

Bicycle Baskets,

Deep, light, strong and flexible. Just what you want.

STEEL-CLAD WARE,

An enamel that will not chip. Two piece warranted.

Heating Stoves.

Now is the time to get a good selection at lowest prices.

W. K. COVELL,

163 THAMES STREET.

CAMERAS

$2.00 each.

THE REGULAR PRICE OF THESE CAMERAS IS $2.50 EACH. THEY ARE THE RAY JR., AND TAKE A PICTURE 2½X2½. TWO PLATE HOLDERS GO WITH EACH CAMERA AND ONE DOZEN DRY PLATES 2¼X2½. WE HAVE ONLY A FEW AT THIS PRICE AND THEY ARE WELL WORTH THE MONEY.

69 MILL STREET

J. D. JOHNSTON,

ARCHITECT,

69

Mill St., Newport, R. I.

JUST ARRIVED,

A CARGO OF

Jeddo Lehigh Egg Coal,

The best Lehigh in the market.

ABRAM ALMY,

173 THAMES STREET

Green Figs

Fresh from the Island every day.

R. I. Peaches, Alligator Pears, Georgia Peaches, Musk Melons, Grape Fruit

CARRY BROS., 257 & 259 Thames St.

Bicycle Repairing

Promptly Done

—AT THE—

NEWPORT BICYCLE AGENCY,

168 Thames Street. Edward Griffith, Prop

Prize Cups.

A VERY NICE ASSORTMENT, APPROPRIATE FOR BICYCLE RACES, YACHT RACES, BASE BALL GAMES, ETC.

Just received, a beautiful line of

Sterling Silver Pieces for Wedding Gifts. Call and see them.

HERRMANN'S, 219 Thames St.

If You

are contemplating the

Purchase of a Piano

IN THE NEAR FUTURE WE CAN MAKE IT TO YOUR ADVANTAGE TO MAKE A LITTLE EXTRA EXERTION AND BUY NOW WHILE OUR

GREAT REDUCTION

SALE IS ON. WE HAVE MANY SPLENDID BARGAINS IN NEW AND SECOND HAND PIANOS WHICH WE WOULD BE PLEASED TO SHOW YOU.

CALL IN AND SEE THEM.

REMEMBER THIS SALE LASTS ONLY A SHORT TIME LONGER.

J. H. BARNEY, JR., & CO.,

(Representing M. Steinert & Sons Co.)

194 THAMES STREET, OPPO. BOSTON STORE.

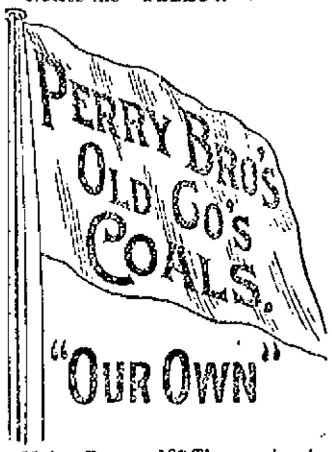
BARGAINS.

Cairns's Orange Marm., per jar, 15c.
Cairns's Red Currant Jelly, per jar, 19c.
Cairn's Black Currant Jelly, per jar, 19c.
Cowdrey's Red Cherry Jam, per jar, 10c.
Whole Figs, in juice, French Figs, per jar, - - - - - 78c.
Whole Figs, in juice, cans, per can, 23c.
Canned Jam, strawberry, raspberry, per can, - - - - 10c.
Pine Tree Brand Condensed Milk, per can, - - - - - 14c.
Rival Brand Condensed Milk, per can, 8c.
Tryphosa, makes one pint jelly, assorted flavors, per package, 10c.
Sliced Peaches in juice, per jar, - 42c.
Pin Money Chow Chow, per jar 25c.
Jockey Club Wafers, per box, - 31c.

F. P. GARRETTSON & CO.

18 & 20 WASHINGTON SQUARE.

Notice the "YELLOW" teams.



Main office, - 187 Thames street.

TIVERTON'S WATER SUPPLY.

Interstate Contest Probable Over the Use of Stafford Pond.

If the town council of Tiverton goes before the Rhode Island legislature with a petition for permission to take a water supply for the town from Stafford Pond, Jackson, Slade & Borden will oppose the petition in the interest of the Fall River Bleachery. In the event of the granting of the petition by the Rhode Island legislature, these attorneys will make a legal contest on the ground that such a grant is, under existing circumstances, not constitutional.

The following is a copy of a letter addressed by the firm to the Tiverton town council:

Fall River, Mass., Oct. 12, 1897.

To the Town Council of the Town of Tiverton: Gentlemen: You are hereby notified that, in view of certain conditions called to the attention of your town committee in a letter from Colonel Spencer Borden, the treasurer of this corporation, dated September 25, 1897, any attempt to divert the waters of Stafford pond into other channels than the natural outlet stream, through which these waters naturally flow to the premises of this corporation, must be considered an invasion of well recognized riparian rights the enjoyment of which is of the utmost importance to us. We shall contest all legislation and effort to divert this water supply, and shall hold the town responsible for all damages occasioned by its action.

Fall River Bleachery.

By its attorneys, Jackson, Slade & Borden.

There is no doubt that there will be a contest before the Rhode Island legislature, and very probably one in the courts. The case is an unusual one in the history of riparian rights cases, if it is not without precedent. The question of the control of one state over the disposition of the water in a great pond located entirely in another state is to be decided. Stafford pond is situated entirely in Rhode Island, but its natural outlet is Sucker brook, which flows across the line and into Massachusetts. The rights of owners on this stream to the use of the waters are very valuable to them. The attorneys representing the interests of the owners on the stream will contest before the Rhode Island legislature that it has no right to grant permission for the diversion of any water of Stafford pond from the natural outlet across the line in Massachusetts as long as there are owners on this outlet to whom the continued and undiminished flow of water through the outlet is of value, and unless these owners relinquish their rights.—(Fall River News.

MR. STUYVESANT FISH'S NEW COTTAGE.

Work has been begun for Mr. Stuyvesant Fish on his lot at the junction of Ocean avenue and Jeffrey road. This was purchased from Mr. White and an additional tract was bought from the Newport Hospital. On this, facing the ocean, Mr. Fish proposes to have a cottage ready for occupancy next season. As he was a trifle late in starting the plans, which are not yet quite ready for contractors to examine, he is now [illegible] hastening the project by having necessary preliminary work done on the grounds.

AT THE GOLF CLUB GROUNDS.

The Golf Club has secured a right of way from Harrison avenue through the land near Mr. Morgan's property to Brenton's cove, for the proposed drainage pipe to relieve the new polo field. The City Council has already voted to build such portion of this drain as runs through Harrison avenue, and the Golf Club will pay the cost of the remainder. The drain is intended to intercept the water flowing from the adjacent high land on the northerly end of the polo field and discharge it in Brenton's cove. It will take no sewage [illegible] whatever. When this drain is in [illegible] hoped to work even greater changes in the vicinity of the polo field and it is thought that by next year the ground will be in good condition for play.

The Golf Club grounds are in excellent condition, and are being liberally used, [illegible] thirty caddy boys being now employed. The grounds will, according to present indications, be open at least until the middle of next month.

AROUND RHODE ISLAND.

The grievance committee of the textile [illegible] of Providence called upon Mr. [illegible] Stephens of the National worsted mills at that city yesterday, and asked for an increase of wages for his employes. Mr. [illegible] said he regarded it as quite natural that the operatives should expect an increase of wages as their share of the improvement in industrial conditions, but [illegible] his employes to make the request [illegible]. He said that the [illegible] is likely to be given toward the close of the present season, when [illegible] [illegible] to be made. He [illegible] [illegible] were concerned.

General J. S. Gould, commander-in-chief of the Grand Army of the Republic, has appointed Professor Alonzo Williams of Brown University inspector general. Professor Williams is a past department commander of the Grand Army of Rhode Island.

The annual conference of the Congregational churches of Rhode Island will be held at the Free Evangelical Congregational Church, Richmond street, Providence, November 2.

The New England railroad station at Millville was broken into between midnight and 1 o'clock in the morning yesterday. The thieves stole more than two hundred and fifty tickets and a razor belonging to Baggage Master Atchison. They also cut a rope that was bound around a trunk, broke the lock and strewed the contents about the floor.

The Prohibition party of Woonsocket has decided to place candidates in the field for city offices at the coming election.

COLONEL WARING'S DECLINATION.

The letter of Colonel George E. Waring, Jr., declining the nomination of the Jeffersonian Democracy for the office of comptroller of New York, is as follows:

New York, Oct. 12, 1897.

Messrs. E. L. Purdy and J. E. Gardner, Committee of the Democracy of Thomas Jefferson:

Gentlemen: I thank you and through you the party which you represent for the honor done me, but I cannot accept your tender of a nomination for the office of comptroller. I am very sorry I was not consulted about it before your action was taken. I should have told you I would not give up, for the sake of becoming comptroller of Greater New York, the hope of continuing to direct the operations of the department of street cleaning until the plans now in hand for its improvement shall have been carried to completion. At your request, I have delayed the writing of this letter in order that you might not be embarrassed by the legal requirements to be observed in filling the vacant place on your ticket. Now that you are free to act, I confidently trust that you will find a better man to aid you in your work.

GEORGE E. WARING, JR.

NOT AN EMIGRANT.

There was an amusing scene on the New York boat at Fall River last night, when a Newporter fresh from the New Bedford celebration, and arrayed among other things in a sweater, boarded the boat. One of the intelligent deck hands told him he could not go on, but before the argument was finished the Newporter, who is a good-sized man, was aboard. He gave a portion of the crew a lively chase for some time before they learned he was not an emigrant but a free American citizen with the privilege of the quarter deck.

REPAIRING THE THAMES STREET ROADBED.

Men from the Narragansett Improvement Company of Providence have arrived and are engaged in repairing the defects in the Thames street roadbed. They will also renew the pavement where the telephone company is tearing it up to put in the underground wires. At present the men are engaged in filling the holes in the pavement below the postoffice, and here they are complaining about the impossibility of making a good job of the patching, for they declare that the continued watering of the street has caused the asphalt to deteriorate to such an extent that it is impossible to anneal the old with the new. The watering of asphalt pavements is one of the things that cities are especially warned against. Most cities use a rubber scraper in cleaning, but Thames street is an especially difficult street to care for, owing to the great amount of traffic over such a limited area.

TRAVIS WINS THE OAKLAND GOLF TOURNAMENT.

Walter J. Travis, the champion amateur golfer of the Oakland Golf Club, added another notable victory, yesterday, to his list of triumphs on the links. By defeating Foxhall Keene in the semi-final round and M. R. Wright of the Philadelphia Country Club in the final round for the Oakland challenge cup, his club will hold the trophy for the coming year, while Travis takes the gold medal as an emblem of his skill.

In the semi-final round in the morning Wright did what was totally unexpected when he beat Foxhall Keene, the gold medal winner on the first day. Wright seemed to win with comfortable ease, for he closed the game at the end of the thirteenth hole by the high score to his credit of 6 holes and 5 to play. Travis won the semi-final round without much exertion, defeating Hamilton 6 up and 4 to play.

The final round between Travis and Wright started after the furious rainstorm, and was nip and tuck for the first nine holes. Wright succeeded in getting a lead of two holes at the end of the sixth, but Travis thereafter played a winning game, finishing at the end of the sixteenth hole by 4 up and 2 to play.

REAL ESTATE SALES.

Adolph and Hilda Peterson have sold to Charles E. Peckham and John Nelson a lot of land, with improvements, bounded northerly, 35 feet, by Dean avenue; easterly, 53 feet, by land of Antone C. Sylvia; southerly, 35 feet, by land of Henry D. and John B. DeBlois, and westerly, 53 feet, by land of Henry D. DeBlois.

William S. Slocum has sold to Arthur H. Washburne an undivided third part in a lot of land, with improvements, on Bellevue avenue, bounded on lands now or late of the late Daniel T. Swinburne, of Pearling and Sheldon, and of Henry D. Pelham.

TO SELECT A SITE FOR A NAVAL ARMOR PLANT.

The naval armor board will leave Washington Saturday for the South, to look at certain places, with a view to ascertaining their availability for sites for the proposed armor plant. The first stop will be made at Birmingham, Ala. Thence the board will go to Sheffield, Ala., to Chattanooga, Knoxville and Elizabethtown, Tenn., in the order named.

It is hardly possible that later the board will visit Piedmont, W. Va., in view of the urgent request of West Virginia public men. Great numbers of appeals are coming to the department from various localities possessing any kind of an iron plant, to have the board visit there to look at their resources, but, in view of the fact that the board has no authority to make any recommendation as to the location of the plant, it is felt that such time would not be usefully spent.

By the act of Congress, Secretary Long is charged with the duty of submitting a description of the lands, buildings and machinery needed for an armor plant, but [illegible] constructed [illegible] [illegible] in the submission of plans for a [illegible] though he may volunteer recommendations as to the site.

AN OLD SALT.

Death of Captain James Logan, the Rigger.

Captain James Logan, the well known rigger, died at the Newport Hospital this morning. Last Saturday morning, while leaving Scott's sail loft on Commercial wharf, he slipped and fell to the bottom of the stairway, where he was taken up for dead. He, however, was found to be still alive, and was taken to the hospital, where he remained in an unconscious condition until death resulted this morning. He leaves a widow and three sons, one of them a resident of California.

Captain Logan was the last of the many old sailors who in years past made Lawton's ship store on Commercial wharf their headquarters for spinning sea yarns and telling tales of adventure, and though he has been alone for some years he visited the old shop every day, rain or shine, and his death will remove the most familiar figure from the wharf, and cause a vacancy that cannot be filled.

In his younger days, like so many Newporters, Captain Logan followed the sea, being engaged in the Southern and West India trade. In the past quarter of a century or more he has remained at home, and devoted his attention to the rigging business, supervising the work of placing statues, monuments, trusses and other heavy objects in place. While at work on a truss on Masonic hall during its reconstruction some years since, he sustained an injury that would have killed a man of ordinary constitution, and which permanently affected him for for the past few years, though apparently as rugged as an old oak, he has perceptibly failed, and his fatal fall was due to the infirmities of old age and hard work.

The very last work of the old rigger was done on Touro Park, where he placed the Channing statue, and where on Thursday he saw that the topmast of the flagstaff of which he was given charge by the park commission, was properly housed for the winter.

Captain Logan sat for the bust of an old sailor, made some years since by Mr. W. Clark Noble, which was as fine a reproduction of the strong old weather-beaten countenance as could be asked for, and attracted much attention.

LOCAL BRIEFS.

—Mrs. S. C. Powell has gone to New York.

—Mr. Perry Belmont has closed "Bythesea."

—Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Drexel will soon go abroad.

—Mr. and Mrs. Potter Palmer will soon go abroad.

—Mr. Robert Sedgwick has returned from New York.

—Mrs. C. C. Moore entertained at the Golf Club today.

—Mr. W. B. Sherman, Jr., has gone to New York for a few days.

—Mrs. J. P. Cooke has arrived at her cottage on Gibbs avenue.

—Mrs. M. S. Acosta proposes improving her cottage at Ochre Point.

—Mr. V. P. Gonzales has left for a visit to New York and Washington.

—The rehearsals for "Priscilla" have been begun in Eintracht hall.

—Mr. J. J. Van Alen and the Misses Van Alen have gone to Lenox.

—Colonel and Mrs. Edward M. Neill will soon go to New York for the winter.

—Mr. Frederick Gebhard has decided to build a house on Fifth avenue, New York.

—Mrs. H. M. Brooks gave a dinner last evening in honor of her guest, Miss Duer.

—Block Island steamer G. W. Danielson left for the island early this morning, and returned later.

—Crowley's spile driver today took up the marks used by the 30-footers in their season's racing.

—Mrs. Anna Lemmel, long a resident of Newport, has gone to Boston, where she will reside permanently.

—Mr. and Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt, Jr., and Mrs. Ogden Goelet and her son left today for New York.

—Mr. and Mrs. H. M. Oelrichs will reside in New York and not at Garden City, Long Island, this winter, as has been their custom.

—Mr. and Mrs. William Henry Taylor of Buenos Ayres have arrived by steamer direct from the Argentine Republic, on a visit to Mr. Taylor's brother, Mr. A. O'D. Taylor.

—Miss Nora Downey has gone to New York, and Miss Ella Leydan has returned from a visit to New York.

her boots and mackintoshes havinb had her boats and mackintoshes having had the call yesterday afternoon.

—Superintendent Lee of the street railroad, with Mrs. Lee, is on his annual vacation in Brooklyn and New York.

—The pleasant weather today sent all the fishing fleet outside looking for mackerel, for the first time since Sunday.

—The New York Sunday Tribune prints a full-page portrait of Colonel George E. Waring, Jr., which is an excellent likeness.

—Captain Herreshoff of Bristol arrived here today with a party of guests on board his steam yacht. The party was taken for a drive.

—The new electric street lights on Spring street being in working order, the City Council committee last night shut off seventeen gas lights which the are lights replaced.

—The past season at the beach is reported to have been somewhat better than that of 1896, and this despite the fact that Bailey's beach, with larger accommodations than ever, was crowded.

—Mr. and Mrs. H. T. Sloane will soon go to Lenox to visit Mr. and Mrs. W. D. Sloane, and will be members of a coaching trip to be arranged by Mr. and Mrs. Ogden Mills. They will return here and remain at the Carey cottage until the middle of next month.

—Mr. W. E. D. Stokes will leave New York this week for Lexington, Ky., where he will join Mrs. Stokes at the Patchen Wilkes Farm. Mr. Stokes will remain at Lexington for three weeks or a month, and will then return to New York. Mrs. Stokes may remain until a later date.

—Yesterday the Providence Telephone Company laid the conduit across Thames street at Marlboro. When the conduits were put in this section was omitted, as it was desirable not to cross Thames street in summer and not to open the asphalt pavement until men were here ready to repair it.

—The loss of Messrs. D. B. & J. T. Allen by the fire at the Hygeia Spa pavilion at the bathing beach was adjusted yesterday by representatives of the Royal and Springfield insurance companies. The total amount of loss paid was $7,275, $6,575.57 through the agency of Davis & Ward and $700 through that of Henry Bull, Jr.

—This forenoon 210 wires were strung across Thames street at the foot of Mary, and by this time tomorrow or before there will be 240 more wires there. They are put up only temporarily, for use until the new telephone exchange is constructed, and then they will be torn down. The 210 wires are contained in a cable, one end of which is in the telephone central and the other in the manhole to the conduits on Mary street.

Royal makes the food pure, wholesome and delicious.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

Fruit Jars.

Two quarts, quarts and pints.

TIN-TOP JELLY TUMBLERS,

1-2 pints and 1-3 pints.

Jar Funnels, an indispensable article for filling fruit jars.

ERASTUS P. ALLAN,

131 and 133 Thames Street.

For Open Fires.

HICKORY, OAK AND MAPLE WOOD. ALSO CANNEL COAL.

For Steam, Hot Water and Hot Air.

WHITE ASH COALS.

We can supply these of first quality.

HEIRS OF GEO. BOWEN.

WM. H. BOONE, AGENT.

Don't Go to Alaska!

We can sell you a four-pound box of Gold Dust for 15 cents.

E. A. EDES & CO.,

New York Butter and Grocery House

149 & 151 THAMES STREET.

Telephone connection.

Good Work is Cheaper Than Poor Work.

HOUSES BUILT BY ME COST THEIR OWNERS NOTHING FOR REPAIRS, WITHIN A REASONABLE TIME.

R. W. CURRY, - - Builder,

16 SPRING STREET.

AUCTION SALES.

By T. W. Freeborne & Co.

AUCTION SALE,

—ON—

Thursday, October 14, at 10 A. M.

At 5 MARKET SQUARE.

Restaurant Fixtures in first class condition, including Tables, Chairs, Show Cases, Counters, Clock, Electric Fan, Dumb Waiter, Crockery, Tinware, Gas Range, Coffee Urn, etc.

Mortgagee's Sale.

By virtue of a power of sale contained in a certain mortgage deed given by George A. Eastman to Helena M. Jernegan, dated the seventh day of May A. D. 1892 and recorded in Vol. [illegible] of the Land Evidence of the town of Jamestown in the State of Rhode Island at pages [illegible], will be sold at public auction on the premises hereinafter described on Saturday, the [illegible] day of October A. D. 1897 at [illegible] o'clock in the afternoon that certain lot or parcel of land situate in that part of said town of Jamestown, known as Conanicut Park and bounded northerly on Bay View [illegible] on Summit avenue, southerly on [illegible] avenue and westerly on Bay View Place and a line in continuation of the easterly boundary line of said Bay View Place to said Highland avenue as said land and ways are shown on a plat of said Conanicut Park, made by John B. Mellin and on file in the office of the town clerk of said Jamestown, together with the dwelling house and other buildings and improvements on said lot. Also all [illegible] lot or strip of land situate in said Jamestown, at said Conanicut Park bounded easterly by Narragansett Bay, westerly by [illegible] United States government [illegible] by Bay View Drive, [illegible] and southerly by a line formed by [illegible] as it may be called [illegible] Bay View Place northwesterly to said Narragansett Bay, together with the riparian and other improvements thereon subject to the restrictions set forth in the deed to said George A. Eastman from Helena M. Jernegan and wife.

Said mortgagee hereby gives notice of his intention to bid upon said property at said sale thereof.

By order of the mortgagee,

DARIUS BAKER, Attorney.

Newport, R. I., Sept. 29, 1897.

NEW BOOKS.

CAPTAINS COURAGEOUS,

By RUDYARD KIPLING.

ST. IVES (being the adventures of a French prisoner in England) by Robert Louis Stevenson.

HUGH WYNNE, by Dr. S. Weir Mitchell.

THE KNIGHTS OF THE ROUND TABLE, by William Henry Frost.

CATHERINE SCHUYLER, by Mary Gay Humphreys, in Women of Colonial and Revolution by Times Series.

WILL SHAKESPEARE'S LITTLE LAD, by Imogen Clarke.

IN KEDAR'S TENTS, by Henry Seton Merriman, author of "The Sowers," "With Edged Tools," etc.

CHAS. E. HAMMETT, JR.,

202 THAMES STREET.

Aaron in the Wildwoods,

By JOEL CHANDLER HARRIS.

HUGH WYNNE, FREE QUAKER, by S. Weir Mitchell.

A BROWNING COURTSHIP AND OTHER STORIES, by Eliza Orne White.

CAPTAINS COURAGEOUS, by Rudyard Kipling.

THE REVOLT OF A DAUGHTER, by Ellen Olney Kirk.

THE CLASH OF ARMS, by John Bloundelle-Burton.

HAWTHORNE'S FIRST DIARY, with an account of its discovery and loss, by Samuel T. Pickard.

MISS NINA BARROW, by Francis Courtenay Baylor.

FIGHTING A FIRE, by Charles T. Hill.

GEORGE H. CARR,

172 THAMES STREET.

Spalding's Official Foot Ball Guide

FOR 1897.

CLARKE'S

People's Library Building, and Washington Square.

Winter Board for Horses

AT BROOKDALE FARM.

First class accommodations and good care guaranteed. For particulars apply to

E. G. HAYWARD,

17 & 19 Downing Street.

Dyspepsia, Heartburn, Gastritis and all Stomach Disorders positively cured. Grover Graham's Dyspepsia Remedy is a specific. One dose removes all distress, and a permanent cure of the most chronic and severe cases is guaranteed. Do not suffer. A 50 cent bottle will convince the most skeptical.

AGENT, GEORGE A. WOOD, DRUGGIST

WANTED TO BUY

AN OX CART,

in good order.

APPLY AT

BATEMAN'S.

Newport Illuminating Co.

ELECTRIC LIGHTING,

ELECTRIC POWER

RESIDENCES AND STORES FURNISHED FOR ELECTRICITY

At Lowest Rates.

Electric Supplies, Fixtures and Shades

449 to 455 Thames Street,

NEWPORT, R. I.

LAPPIN.

We have received another large invoice of

Silk and Wool Plaids. like cut.

Will ask those who were disappointed last week in not securing the sizes to call at once, as these goods do not remain long on our counters.

M. B. LAPPIN,

Agent for Staten Island Dye House

145 THAMES STREET.